

BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

Volume 8, No. 127

BRAINERD, MINN., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1908

Price Two Cents

TRIES TO DEFEND HIS OPERATIONS

Banker Charles W. Morse on the Witness Stand.

SHARP, ACCUSING QUESTIONS

Put to the Famous Financier by United States District Attorney Stimson. Bunker at His Best on the Defensive and Refuses to Answer Several Questions Unless Allowed to Explain Himself at Length.

New York, Oct. 31.—For more than six hours Charles W. Morse, who a year ago was one of the dominant figures in Wall street, sat in the witness chair in the criminal branch of the United States circuit court, endeavoring to defend the financial operations in connection with the National Bank of North America which resulted in the indictment of Mr. Morse and Alfred H. Curtis on charges of conspiracy and violation of the national banking law.

All went smoothly during the morning session when the lawyers for the defense asked questions of Mr. Morse, but late in the day, when United States District Attorney Stimson took up the cross-examination for the government, sharp, accusing questions were put to the financier.

Mr. Morse on the defensive was at his best. Several times he refused to answer questions unless he were permitted to explain himself at length. He sparred cleverly with Mr. Stimson and a number of times, rather than insist upon an answer to a question with an explanation accompanying it, Mr. Stimson withdrew the question.

Mr. Stimson sprang somewhat of a surprise on Mr. Morse when he took up the loan of more than \$125,000 made to Miss Katherine A. Wilson, Mr. Morse's secretary. The financier had testified that the loan had been made in his behalf and that the Leslie Whiting loans were also his. Then, with Mr. Morse still in the witness chair, Mr. Stimson read a letter addressed to the comptroller of the currency, W. B. Ridgely, and signed by Mr. Morse and other directors of the New Amsterdam bank, saying that Mr. Morse was not directly interested in the loan.

Admits Loan Was His.

Mr. Stimson asked Mr. Morse again if he had understood that the Wilson loan was made in his behalf and Mr. Morse replied that the loan was his. Mr. Stimson then read another letter, this one being from Comptroller Ridgely to the president of the New Amsterdam bank. It called attention to the excessive loans made by the bank and especially mentioned the one to Miss Wilson saying that the 430 shares of National Bank of North America stock put up to secure the loan was not sufficient collateral.

The letter pointed out that the stock was only quoted at \$115,000 at the time and added that "the examiner is under the impression that Mr. Morse is in some way connected with the loan."

It was this letter from the comptroller that called forth the one signed by Mr. Morse and the New Amsterdam bank directors declaring Mr. Morse was not directly interested in the Wilson loan.

When the cross-examination was begun Mr. Stimson asked Mr. Morse concerning the banking and fiduciary institutions he had been connected with. This was to show that Mr. Morse was familiar with the very detail of the banking business and the national bank laws, but the witness insisted that he did not understand the legal exactness and details of business, saying that he always retained a lawyer when any legal point arose.

Never Read the Reports.

It was then brought out that Mr. Morse never read the reports to the comptroller of the currency showing the bank's outstanding loans, endorsements, etc., but that he signed them off.

DR. PRICE'S WHEAT FLAKE FOOD

The aged and young, delicate and strong, sick and well are benefited by eating this simple food.

SLEDGE-HAMMER BLOWS BY TAFT

Delivered at Gompers-Bryan Labor Legislation Plans.

NAMES PROMINENT LABORITES

Asserts They Have Declined to Follow the President of the American Federation of Labor—Classes Gompers' Attempt to Deliver Labor Vote as One of the Most Audacious Acts in the Political History of the Country.

Buffalo, N. Y., Oct. 31.—Sledge-hammer blows at the Gompers-Bryan labor legislation plans were delivered here by William H. Taft before two immense audiences. Mr. Taft gave the names of many labor leaders high in the councils of the American Federation of Labor who he said were leaving Mr. Gompers.

"The attempt of Mr. Gompers," he declared with great emphasis, "to deliver the labor vote of this country is as audacious an act of political chicanery as has ever occurred in the history of politics. It is most reassuring to note that the men associated with Mr. Gompers in the executive council of the Federation of Labor are falling away from him in this effort of his to make the Federation of Labor a political factor.

"The men who declined to follow him are Mr. John Mitchell, Mr. James Duncan, first vice president of the American Federation of Labor; Mr. Daniel Keefe, the head of the longshoremen's union; Mr. W. D. Ryan, secretary and treasurer of the United Mine Workers; Mr. A. L. Faulkner, president of the Window Glass Workers of America; Claude Worth, secretary-treasurer of the International Dredge Workers; Charles McCarthy, grand president, Tug Firemen and Linemen's association; W. E. Fuller, elevator employees; T. J. Dolan, international secretary Steam Shovel and Dredge Men, and many others high in the councils of labor organizations. It is a struggle for political existence on the part of Mr. Gompers and he is willing to resort to every extreme method possible to secure success."

The Protective System.

After asserting that the protective system was decidedly the most important consideration for the American workmen, Mr. Taft added that Mr. Gompers had so committed himself on the subject of abolishing injunctions in labor disputes that he is willing to sacrifice every other consideration, however important and material to the welfare of the wage earners.

After expressing the belief that the legislation which Mr. Gompers proposed would be unconstitutional, Judge Taft concluded:

"The charge that I ever sentenced a man without a full hearing or made an order affecting his wages without a full hearing is altogether unfounded and false, and it is one of those slanders circulated at the end of the campaign for the purpose of awakening the prejudices of ignorant or uninformed persons."

"I wish here to say that no matter what labor may do under the pernicious influence of Mr. Samuel Gompers and those associated with him in this campaign, if I am successful, the political position of labor organizations will not deter me in the slightest from doing what I can to aid proper labor legislation in the future."

The meeting at Utica between Mr. Taft and James S. Sherman, and the magnitude and enthusiasm of the reception the Republican presidential candidate received in this city were other features of the campaign. Judge Taft is making in Northern New York, although at Batavia he left his car in a driving snow storm to speak to many thousands of people who had come to that town from miles around.

Buffalo has two enormous meeting places, convention hall and the Broadway arsenal. Two hours before the time set for the meetings these two places were packed, and on the outside were clamoring for admittance enough to fill the speaking places a second time. Political enthusiasm, which had been running high, reached tremendous pressure with the presence of the big Ohioan. He took advantage of the occasion to make labor speeches in which he pointed out with even greater emphasis than ever what he regarded as the danger of giving an opportunity for putting into effect the "Gompers-Bryan special class legislation programme."

Drowns With His Team.

Tyler, Minn., Oct. 31.—Gust Kronke of Lyon county and the team he was driving were drowned through an accident which occurred while he was driving homeward from this city. He was intoxicated.

JAMES KERR IS DEAD.

Democratic National Committeeman From Pennsylvania Expires.

New York, Oct. 31.—James Kerr, Democratic national committeeman from Pennsylvania, died at his summer home in New Rochelle, following an operation for an intestinal disorder which had made him practically an invalid for a year. His wife and sons were with him at the end.

William J. Bryan visited Mr. Kerr last Monday, and the latter was much elated over the visit of the Democratic candidate, but almost immediately afterwards suffered a nervous collapse, which greatly aggravated his already weakened condition. There had been several consultations of physicians within the past few days, and it was determined Thursday that the only chance of saving Mr. Kerr's life lay in performing an operation. The operation was performed, but the patient failed to rally after it.

The condition of Mr. Kerr became so serious last Wednesday that his children were summoned to New Rochelle.

Mr. Kerr was born in Mifflin county, Pa., in 1851. He received his education in the Pennsylvania schools and removed to Clearfield, Pa., when a young man. He took an active part in the politics on the side of the Democratic party, with which he had always been identified, and was elected to the Fifty-first congress in 1888. Mr. Kerr was Democratic state chairman during the Pattison-Delamater gubernatorial campaign in Pennsylvania, one of the rare occasions when the state went Democratic. It was at this time that he was made a member of the national Democratic committee.

MRS. WILLIAM ASTOR DIES IN NEW YORK

Famous Society Leader Victim of Heart Trouble.

New York, Oct. 31.—Mrs. William Astor, who for thirty years had been regarded as the social leader of New York, died of heart disease at her home on Fifth avenue. For nearly four weeks Mrs. Astor, who was eighty-two years old, had been in a critical condition owing to the return of a heart affection that had given her trouble for years.

There is not a name in the social register that is so well known from one end of the land to the other as that of Mrs. Astor. Despite her advancing years, Mrs. Astor continued to hold her social domination up to a year ago, when failing health compelled her to retire into comparative seclusion.

The society functions given and presided over by Mrs. Astor have gone down into history as the most brilliant on record. It is said that the ballroom in the mansion on Fifth avenue would accommodate 1,000 people. It was Mrs. Astor who established the "400," her visiting list being confined to that number of names. In 1905, however, Mrs. Astor was said to have "let down the bars," when she invited 1,200 persons to one of the most memorable social events ever given in New York.

WHITMORE ACQUITTED.

Found Not Guilty of the Murder of His Wife.

Jersey City, N. J., Oct. 31.—After being out two hours, the jury in the case of Theodore Whitmore, on trial for the murder of his wife, whose battered body was found on Dec. 26 of last year in a swamp near Harrison, N. J., returned a verdict of not guilty.

Whitmore's defense was an alibi, which he was able to establish by the testimony of a number of witnesses, who testified to having seen him in New York at the time of the commission of the crime in New Jersey.

Whitmore was much affected by the verdict. As the foreman of the jury made known the decision arrived at, he threw his arms around his attorney and effusively kissed him.

MILE A MINUTE.

Made by Henry Farman With His Aeroplane.

Mourmelon, France, Oct. 31.—Henry Farman for the first time gave a practical demonstration of the possibilities of the aeroplane by flying direct from this place to Rheims, a distance of twenty miles, without mishap.

The aeroplanist ascended at 4 o'clock p. m. An hour later a telegram was received from Farman announcing his safe arrival at Rheims. He said that he would stop there for the night and intended to return to Mourmelon in the morning by aeroplane.

The time of flight was twenty minutes and the height reached was between 120 and 150 feet. The course was literally as the crow flies.

About Our Gloves

Adler's Silk Lined Gloves

We are showing Adler's silk lined mocha gloves in black, brown and black. These are real mocha and will give the best of service for street wear. \$1.50 the pair.

\$1.00 Glace Kid Gloves

Our kid gloves at \$1.00 are the very best obtainable at that price. They are very soft and pliable and will give you a full hundred cents worth of service. We show a full line of black and colors.

\$1.50 Glace Kid Gloves

This price secures you the very best quality of kid gloves. They are of select skins and made in the very best manner. They are made with three clasps. All colors and black.

Chamois Gloves

Chamois gloves make one of the very best street gloves. We have Adler's in two lengths—8 and 12 button at \$1.50 and \$2.50. These are the kind you can wash. Ask to see them.

Golf Gloves

All shades and black in these gloves. 25c, 50c and 60c quality.

H. P. Michael Co.

SNOW STORM IN NEW YORK

First of the Season to Reach the Mohawk Valley.

Utica, N. Y., Oct. 31.—The first good, real snow storm, accompanied with drift-piling winds that has whitened the northern counties of the state this fall, and the first of the season to reach the Mohawk valley, arrived along with a drop in temperature that reduced the mercury at many points to below zero. Reports

from the northern part of the state tell of a heavy fall of snow. Reports from the central part of the state are of lighter falls from Buffalo east to Gloversville.

Do you remember industrial conditions in the last Democratic administration?

Judge Taft has shown conclusively that the injunction operates against lawless capital as well as against lawless labor.



Comfort, Style and Service Are now assured in these Children's Coats

The material is pure wool which is steam-shrunk—so it will not fade, cockle nor pull out of shape. It will resist the hard wear given to school coats by active youngsters.

These coats are cut generously full to allow for freedom of motion—the mothers will approve that.

There are bands of contrasting color and brass buttons that the children will like.

The "WOOLTEX" Label
Is the makers' guarantee of two seasons' wear.

Lined throughout with satin—unlined—with deep facing and yoke lining—according to the price.

O'Brien Mercantile Company

THE
Security State Bank
Pays Interest
On Deposits

Bijou
Theatre

F. E. LOW, Manager
Promoting
Advance Vaudeville

Thursday, Friday and Saturday

1. Spooks do the moving
2. Breaking into Society

VAUDEVILLE ACT
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. J. Wells
Laughing success
"A Personal Add"

3. A Sailor's Sweetheart
A Thrilling love story

Prices 10c and 15c

For Sale
Thorobred White Wyondotte and Barred Plymouth Rock Cockerels, at 50 and 75 cents.

Bert Sabin,
918 Mill Street N. E.

New Planing Mill
Custom Work Solicited
Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices right.
Lumber taken in exchange for work.

Heath & Kiley
Corner 4th and Laurel

FOR RENT
\$7.00 a month, 6 room house, at 724 Ninth St. N. E. Brainerd.
\$6.00 a month, 3 room house and barn, No. 523 Fourth St. North.
\$10.00 a month, store building.
For Particulars see

LYMAN P. WHITE
419 W. Front Street.

Awnings, Tents, Stack
Covers, Flags, Etc.
Write for prices and catalogue.
American Tent & Awning Co.
207-209-211 Wash. Ave. N., Minneapolis

CASINO
Roller Rink



WILL BE OPENED
TUESDAY
THURSDAY
AND
SATURDAY
Afternoon and Evening
Good Music and
Good Skating

Afternoon at 3 o'clock
Evening at 8 o'clock

Ladies Admission Free,
except when there are
special attractions.

Come and see them skate

E. C. BANE, Mgr.

THE DAILY DISPATCH

By Ingersoll & Wieland

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
One Month Forty Cents
One Year, strictly in advance, Four Dollars

Office in Dispatch Building on 6th St., opposite the Post Office.

Entered at the post-office at Brainerd Minn., as second class matter.



SATURDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1908

Oct. 31 In History.
1517—Luther published his "Thesis" at Wittenberg: beginning of the reformation.
1735—John Adams, second president of the United States, born; died July 4, 1826.
1873—The Cuban filibuster steamer Virginus, fitted out at New York, captured near Jamaica by the Spanish gunboat Tormida and taken to Cuba; this event furnished the most sensational incident of the first Cuban revolt.
1906—Judge Joseph E. Gary of the county superior court, presiding justice in the anarchist trials in Chicago, died; born 1821.



ASTRONOMICAL EVENTS.
Sun sets 4:54, rises 6:26; moon sets 10:15 p. m.; moon at first quarter 9:16 a. m., eastern time, in constellation Capricornus; Halloween.

Jacob Schmidt's bottle beer is delicious. We have the agency. Order a case. Telephone 164 John Coates Liquor Co.

Miss Ruth Parker came down from Wadena today to witness the football game and visit her parents over Sunday.

The best roofing for the money. Amatite! D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

Does baby need a go cart? We have what you want, D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

Every inexperienced cooks have "good luck" with Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder and Extracts. They never disappoint.

Money to loan on real estate securities—easy payments. C. A. KNIPPERBERG, Ransford Hotel. 124t6

The remains of Miss Sibyl Keiler, whose death was mentioned Thursday, were shipped to Leroy, Minn., last night for interment.

The best in fruit jars. Schram's Automatic Sealers. D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

Store your stoves and household goods with D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

Mrs. J. M. Hallett and Lee Hallett returned today from Duluth. Little Jean Clarkson came with them to visit with grandma for a few days.

Attention sportsmen. We have the best and latest in guns, rifles, and ammunition. Guns to rent. D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

C. C. Sorenson returned today from a visit to Mankato, where he went last week, not finding himself able to commence work after his recent sickness. He will return to his work in the shop offices Monday.

Wise people use
Gold Dust Flour

Through a misunderstanding the article on Thursday referred to Edward Crust as an honorary member of the state fair association. It should have been state firemen's association, in which he has taken an active part.

Call and see the line of stylish and serviceable dress goods at O'Brien's. 118tf

STATISTICS show progressive decrease in the number of unemployed in New York state. Republican policies will not permit the willing worker to remain idle.

The evening school at the Brainerd Business College offers an excellent opportunity for those who wish to take an evening course. 118tf

The party which went to Pequot yesterday to take part in the medal contest returned today. Miss Gladys Daggett proudly wearing the medal. They were entertained by Mesdames Buttolph and Holman, and report a royal good time. The contest was a success financially as well as otherwise.

Two full cords of lath edging delivered to any part of the city for \$5.00. Wm. Wood, office Wise block. Phones, office 187, mill 43. 118tf

Would Mortgage the Farm

A farmer on Rural Route 2, Empire, Ga., W. A. Floyd by name, says: "Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured the two worst sores I ever saw: one on my hand and one on my leg. It is worth more than its weight in gold. I would not be without it if I had to mortgage the farm to get it." Only 25¢ at H. P. Dunn's drug store. tts

Bryan's election would close many factories.

The candidate for president "whose record would make returning confidence and prosperity impossible"—that is an instantaneous verbal photograph of Bryan, and the artist is Judge Taft.

Vote for Taft, progress, protection and prosperity.

One characteristic of the record of Judge Taft, both on the bench and in the cabinet, is that the more you drag it into the light the better you like it.

A vote for Bryan means a Tammany ring in Washington.

Statistics show progressive decrease in the number of unemployed in New York state. Republican policies will not permit the willing worker to remain idle.

Where Bullets Flew

David Parker, of Fayette, N. Y., a veteran of the civil war, who lost a foot at Gettysburg, says: "The good Electric Bitters have done is worth more than five hundred dollars to me. I spent much money doctoring for a bad case of stomach trouble, to little purpose. I then tried Electric Bitters, and they cured me. I now take them as a tonic, and they keep me strong and well." 50¢ at H. P. Dunn's drug store. tts

QUALITY, QUANTITY
THE BEST OF ONE, THE MOST OF THE
OTHER. THESE POINTS SHOULD GOVERN
IN BUYING FLOUR.

ROMAN FLOUR

MADE BY

BRAINERD MILLING CO.

Run Down

If your doctor says take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, then take it. If he has any better, then take that.

If you are all run down, easily tired, thin, pale, nervous, go to your doctor. Stop guessing, stop experimenting, go direct to your doctor. Ask his opinion of Ayer's non-alcoholic Sarsaparilla. No alcohol, no stimulation. A blood purifier, a nerve tonic, a strong alternative, an aid to digestion. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Unique Theatre

Program for Thursday, Friday and Saturday

ILLUSTRATED SONG
"The Boys in Blue are Turning Gray"
By KATHLEEN GRAHAM

1. The Lonely Gentleman
2. Captured by Telephone
3. The Uncle Fortune
4. The Daughter's honesty

Show will start prompt at 7:30 P. M. hereafter, instead of 8:00 P. M.

Send Your Curtains

To the

New Steam Laundry
Wm. Nelson, Prop.



Copyright 1908. The House of Kuppenheimer, Chicago.

O VEROCAOT "luck" used to be proverbial. The man took chances. The tailor or clothier took his money. Maybe the money proved to be well invested. Maybe not. We have eliminated the gamble. We offer Kuppenheimer coats, and give you security for satisfaction.

They are absolutely correct in style, for the manufacturers are recognized style leaders. You can prove to yourself in advance their perfection of fit. We personally guarantee their quality.

Plenty of styles to suit every taste.

The two young fellows in the illustration are wearing two of the most vigorous styles in young men's garments made by The House of Kuppenheimer.

Snappy Caps and Nifty Gloves, something different from the ordinary kind. Your Winter Outfit should come from the best store. You will feel dressed right.

H. W. Linnemann

616 Front Street

Awnings! Awnings! D. M. Clark & Co. 61
Cash paid for potatoes and oats at O'Brien's. 104tf
Prepare for Success at the Little Falls Business College.
Mrs. W. E. Barker is visiting relatives in Mendota, Ill.
The Degree of Honor monthly dance will be given Tuesday, Nov. 3, at Elk's hall. 127t3
Murallo—the sanitary wall finish, in all colors. D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf
Remember the Juvenile Band's dance Elk hall tonight.
A. Carlson, the Laurel street saloon keeper, went to the cities this morning on business.
C. G. Osterlund came down from Aitkin yesterday and is visiting relatives and friends for a few days.

TRUST FAVERED AT PEOPLE'S EXPENSE!

Democracy Reduces Assessment of Iron Properties \$11,000,000, and Increases Valuation of Farms and Furniture.

WOULD VETO TONNAGE TAX

This Is What Governor Said at Duluth — Yet His Party Platform Recommends It and So Did He to Last Legislature.

Just where Gov. Johnson is "at" on the subject of taxation is pretty hard to ascertain from his past and present record. Early in the present campaign, while touring in Southern Minnesota, he told the farmers of that flourishing agricultural district how he had decreased their taxes by adding many millions through his state board of equalization to the assessed valuation of the properties of the United States Steel corporation, commonly known as the steel trust, in Northern Minnesota.

He has recently completed a trip to Duluth and other Northern Minnesota points, where the steel interests are predominant, and where, to a large extent, the development of the iron ore and steel industry means the development of that part of the state. At these points he has astonished the people by telling them he never was in favor of a tonnage tax on ore; that he did not desire to do anything which would add a burden to the iron ore and steel industries. Let us see how the record of his own career, and that of his party, bears out his recent statements.

The Duluth News-Tribune of recent date quotes his speech in that city in part, as follows: "The governor took up the tonnage tax question, and was armed with a large quantity of official records and statistics to prove that he was right on that much discussed question. He said that when he was elected the first time he was pledged to investigate and make some effort toward more satisfactory taxation. The governor traced the history of the taxation of iron ore, and said that the News-Tribune had described him as an enemy of the iron country as he STOOD FOR A TONNAGE TAX ON THE MINERAL."

Johnson Against Tonnage Tax.

"On the contrary," said the governor, "I suggested a royalty tax, and at no time was I in favor of any system of taxation that would take away the iron country, or any other district a liberal and continuous source of revenue for local purposes. I would not deprive Hibbing, Duluth, or any other place in St. Louis county, of anything to which it is justly entitled, AND IF I AM ELECTED I SHALL VETO ANY LAW THAT PROPOSES TO TAKE AWAY FROM ANY PLACE THE RIGHTS WHICH IT ENJOYS."

The governor then proceeded in an attempt to prove that Jacobson had been favorable to a tonnage tax law. Thus Gov. Johnson repudiates the Democratic state platform on which he stands. That platform declares for the tonnage tax in the following unmistakable words:

Johnson and His Friends at Ours.

"We call the attention of the voters to the fact that there will be no tonnage tax at the next election, and we amend the constitution so as to prohibit the subject of taxation, and the amendment will open the way for a tonnage tax."

It is hoped that every real friend of drainage will study carefully the record of Mr. Jacobson on this subject, and not be misled by deceitful representations of unscrupulous politicians. One can readily see from what has already been said that the sole purpose and design of sending out pamphlets which do not tell the whole truth is to mislead the voters.

When the idea of draining, developing and reclaiming public lands in Northern Minnesota came first to be recognized as a sound policy, the large speculators tried for a few years to get their hands into the state treasury, and would have succeeded in doing had it not been for the watchfulness of Mr. Jacobson, who was always able to detect the difference between a genuine drainage act and a bill to benefit only special interests at the expense of the people.

We can think of no better illustration of the great benefit that Mr. Jacobson has been to the people of the state than to call attention to the circular of misrepresentation which the opposition has put out, wherein it is clearly shown that Mr. Jacobson never failed to detect the wrong, and if the scheming politicians never before performed a service for Mr. Jacobson, they have done so by this act.

We call special attention to the fact that more than one-half of the service of a good legislator is to kill off unfair measures, and the circular which has been sent out through the northern part of the state misrepresenting his attitude upon drainage matters is the most vicious attack ever made upon this one great friend of the farmers.

In declaring that he is now opposed to, and would veto a tonnage tax bill, Gov. Johnson evidently forgets his inaugural message of 1907, in which he told the legislature:

Johnson Two Years Ago.

"INASMUCH AS THE TONNAGE OF ORE SHIPPED IS THE BASIS FOR COMPUTING THE ROYALTIES ON LEASED PROPERTIES, IT IS POSSIBLE THAT YOU MAY BE ABLE TO DEVISE A PRACTICABLE AND LAWFUL METHOD OF COMPUTING ROYALTY TAXES, USING TONNAGE AS THE BASIS OF COMPUTATION."

"A royalty tax, were the total there-

of equivalent to 5 cents per ton on the present tonnage of 25,000,000 tons shipped from Minnesota mines in 1906, would net \$1,250,000, or some-

what exceed the present tax revenue derived from direct taxation of tangible property."

J. F. JACOBSON AND DRAINAGE

Republican Nominee for Governor Has Always Stood for Drainage and Development of Waste Lands.

The Democratic state central committee has published and circulated quite generally throughout the state a pamphlet violently assailing Mr. Jacobson's record on drainage legislation. As usual, they have distorted and misstated the facts.

The statement is true that Mr. Jacobson voted against Senate File No. 211, which was a general drainage act, but if the Democratic committee had intended to be at all fair it would have stated in its pamphlet that Gov. Johnson, when he was a state senator, also voted against the same measure. (See Senate Journal, page 594, March 21, 1899.) The only difference between the record of Representative Jacobson and that of Senator Johnson is that Mr. Jacobson had the courage to state his objections to the measure, while Gov. Johnson, following his usual policy of evasion, has remained silent upon the subject to this day. We call attention to this willful omission on the part of the opposition only to show that it has no disposition to treat Mr. Jacobson fairly in this or in any of the other criticism which has been aimed at this greatest friend the people of Minnesota ever had in the state legislature.

Mr. Jacobson's objection to this measure was that the members of the legislature from the north, who were in favor of this bill, thought it necessary to go into a combination with other members of the legislature who sought to take some \$2,000,000 from the state treasury for other purposes than drainage.

The friends of the drainage measure, which was a good one, have long since seen their mistake, and are now willing to admit it.

Two years later when House File No. 131 was introduced, Mr. Jacobson worked for and voted for the measure, because it stood upon its own merits, and its supporters had not entered into any entangling alliances with other interests, and the bill became a law. This is the present drainage law of Minnesota. In this matter the Democrats also failed to make mention of Mr. Jacobson's support, again showing a studied design upon their part to misrepresent the present Republican candidate for governor.

The defeat of the measure in 1899 did not kill the policy of drainage, but simply delayed the enactment of the law for two years. Mr. Jacobson believed, and all fair-minded men who have taken pains to look into the matter agree with him, that the defeat of the 1899 bill was absolutely necessary in order that other rights of the people might be protected.

At the time when the first drainage bill was under consideration, Mr. Jacobson had his eye on the state treasury, and was not willing to allow the interests of the people to be sacrificed at the hands of any combination, and he notified the friends of drainage in advance that if they did not desist in their support of these other combinations he would defeat the entire plan because he felt obliged to do so. He did defeat the whole combination, and this is the only time that Mr. Jacobson has been known to lift his voice against any drainage measure of general application.

Of course, innumerable bills have been introduced from time to time in the legislature during Mr. Jacobson's long term of service, which called for the drainage of some particular spot or territory, and which would often be the pet measure of some private land owner or owners rather than one of general benefit. As to these measures, Mr. Jacobson was always known to care for the interests of the general public rather than for the pocketbook of some individual who sought to use the people's money for his own private end, and in so doing he performed a greater service for the real friends of drainage and state development than could have been done by supporting the pet measures that were introduced.

Mr. Jacobson did not uphold the drainage of one county at the expense of another, nor did he believe in taxing the smaller land owners for the purpose of improving the lands of speculators and railroads.

It is hoped that every real friend of drainage will study carefully the record of Mr. Jacobson on this subject, and not be misled by deceitful representations of unscrupulous politicians. One can readily see from what has already been said that the sole purpose and design of sending out pamphlets which do not tell the whole truth is to mislead the voters.

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We can think of no better illustration of the great benefit that Mr. Jacobson has been to the people of the state than to call attention to the circular of misrepresentation which the opposition has put out, wherein it is clearly shown that Mr. Jacobson never failed to detect the wrong, and if the scheming politicians never before performed a service for Mr. Jacobson, they have done so by this act.

We call special attention to the fact that more than one-half of the service of a good legislator is to kill off unfair measures, and the circular which has been sent out through the northern part of the state misrepresenting his attitude upon drainage matters is the most vicious attack ever made upon this one great friend of the farmers.

Mr. Jacobson stands upon his record in drainage as well as in other matters, but the opposition ought to be fair enough not to attempt to fool the voters by misstating that record and suppressing the record of their own candidate.

PERTINENT INQUIRIES

Put Up to the Organ of the Democratic Chairman by the Fairmont Independent.

The Fairmont Independent puts some very pertinent things up to the organ of the Democratic state chairman, published in the same town, Fairmont.

Says the Independent:

Allow us to ask the organ of the chairman of the Democratic state committee if they can show one thing in the long years of service of Mr. Jacobson in the state legislature where he did not stand up for the rights of the people and combat the railroads, the trusts and combines.

Has not the Democratic governor and now candidate for re-election ridden on railroad passes?

How about the chairman of the state Democratic committee and the other campaign managers?

Will they deny riding on railroad passes?

What about the assessment of the iron mines and the steel trust?

Will this Democratic organ deny that Gov. Johnson favored them in their assessment and forced an issue and a showdown with the state board of equalization, the majority of whom were his own appointees?

He also neglects to tell how this Democratic board, for which he loves to be sponsor, has increased the assessed valuation of farm lands in many of the counties of the state; and how this same board has greatly increased the assessments of household furniture.

Why did he permit the board to reduce the assessment of iron properties from \$190,000,000 to \$179,000,000, and try to hold up the state tax rolls by increasing the taxable valuation of farm acres and household furniture?

Consultation with the books of the state board of equalization shows valuation of farm lands was increased as follows:

Increase in Farm Land Assessments.

Democratic Board Repudiates Democracy.

Nor is this the only repudiation of the Democratic platform made by Democrats this fall on the subject of tonnage tax. The state board of equalization, now thoroughly Democratic, on Oct. 20, by a vote of 12 to 5, turned down a resolution introduced by Thomas Meighen of Preston, which resolution recommended the passage of a tonnage tax law to the next legislature.

Gov. Johnson, although a member of this board, failed to be present at the important session when this resolution was considered. There is no question as to whether Gov. Johnson was in the Twin Cities that day. He spoke to a large political gathering in Minneapolis the same evening. He could have been present if he so desired.

Steel Trust Favored at Expense of People.

Gov. Johnson was also absent from the meeting of the board a short time before, when the assessment of the steel trust properties in Northern Minnesota were reduced \$11,000,000. This reduction he fails to mention in any of his campaign speeches.

He also neglects to tell how this Democratic board, for which he loves to be sponsor, has increased the assessed valuation of farm lands in many of the counties of the state; and how this same board has greatly increased the assessments of household furniture.

Why did he permit the board to reduce the assessment of iron properties from \$190,000,000 to \$179,000,000, and try to hold up the state tax rolls by increasing the taxable valuation of farm acres and household furniture?

Consultation with the books of the state board of equalization shows valuation of farm lands was increased as follows:

Increase in Farm Land Assessments.

County. Per Cent

Aitkin 10

Beltzoni 15

Brown 5

Carver 10

Chippewa 10

Clay 5

Cottonwood 10

Douglas 15

Freeborn 10

Hubbard 10

Kanabec 10

Kandiyohi 10

Lac qui Parle 10

Mille Lacs 5

Morrison 25

Murray 15

Otter Tail 33 1/3

Polk 20

Scott 10

Sibley 25

Swift 20

Todd 10

Wabasha 5

Wadena 5

Waseca 5

County. Per Cent

Aitkin 50

Becker 15

Benton 50

Chippewa 25

Cottonwood 50

Dakota 10

Douglas 25

Faribault 5

Fillmore 10

Grant 50

Kanabec 60

Kittson 20

Lac qui Parle 10

Lincoln 10

Marshall 15

Martin 15

Mille Lacs 40

Murray 25

Norman 10

Otter Tail 60

Pine 20

Pipestone 33 1/3

Red Lake 60

Sibley 5

Swift 20

Todd 20

Wadena 33 1/3

Waseca 10

Yellow Medicine 20

County. Per Cent

Aitkin 50

Becker 15

Benton 50

Chippewa 25

Cottonwood 50

Dakota 10

Douglas 25

Faribault 5

Fillmore 10

A Surprise in Store—

When you first try the most tempting—savory—fine flavored of all sea food

"Sealshipt" Oysters

Don't associate them with oysters you commonly buy. "Sealshipt" are packed without water in sealed, air-tight, steel containers. "Sealshipt" Carriers keep the oysters fresh and firm—not water-soaked. They retain all the incomparable tang of the sea.

You can't get enough of "Sealshipt." More than a surprise—a revelation.

Every housewife will want a copy of "Sealshipt Sense" with the dainty new oyster recipes—The following "Sealshipt" dealers will give you a copy:

H. H. Baker and C. W. Koering

The genuine "Sealshipt" Oysters are always sold from a White Porcelain Display Case bearing the "Sealshipt" trade mark. This is for your protection—look for it. The "Sealshipt" Carrier System is patented. Infringements will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

NATIONAL OYSTER CARRIER COMPANY

South Norwalk, Connecticut.



Result of British Free Trade.

The daily dispatches from abroad chronicle the awful misery and destitution, the idleness and poverty and even the degradation and vice which have now overspread Great Britain. For some years following her return to free trade, in 1846, Great Britain was enabled to live upon her capital, and because of the prestige gained in manufacturing and because of her extensive shipping it seemed for awhile as if her new fiscal policy was bound to bring even greater glory to the little kingdom which hoped to be the manufacturing center of the world.

The first result of free trade in Great Britain—the abolition of the corn laws—was the rapid and sure destruction of her agriculture. Then came, as it must always come to every nation that thinks it better to buy food abroad than raise it at home, a lessening to a large degree of the purchasing power of the people and a lessening to that degree of the value of the home market. Then when foreign competitors saw that they could dump their wares into the free ports of England it was not long before English manufacturers saw that they must reduce wages and practice the greatest possible economies in order to compete with their rivals.

Without going into the whole history of the movement it can be said today that our own country has equaled if not exceeded Great Britain in the value of our exports, while Germany and other continental countries are forcing Great Britain not only out of foreign markets, but competing with her own manufacturers at home. The result of this half century of free trade in Great Britain is that today not half the people have work, and it is said that nearly half of the laboring classes in the large cities of England do not know from day to day where their next meal is to come from.

We have for many years read of the awful condition of the English working people. We have read of the way they huddled together and lived in one or two rooms, whole families, without carpet on the floor, without linen on the table and for days without the prospects of even food and with little raiment and no so called luxuries whatever. Thousands and thousands and still other thousands have come to America, and yet the condition of those remaining at home has gone from bad to worse.

Free trade in Great Britain is not only a failure, but it is almost a crime and a result acknowledged by the leading economists at home and abroad, and yet in spite of this result we have

a candidate for the presidency and a party supporting that candidate committed to an economic policy that would bring us to the same condition as the poverty and degradation now so apparent in the mother country. We shall have an opportunity on the 3d of November to show how we feel upon this subject, and if the voters of this country realize what free trade means or what any approach to free trade means to the workers of this nation they will by all means vote for Taft and Sherman and for a Republican house of representatives in the Sixty-first congress.

Western Farmers, Read!

In his letter to Hon. William B. McKinley, setting forth part of the great work done by the Republican administration and congress during the past seven years and showing that William H. Taft as president should have a Republican senate and house to give him loyal support, President Roosevelt declares that the national system of irrigation stands in its line as second only to the homestead law. It may be added for the information of those who have not witnessed the wonderful effects of this great and beneficial work, the appropriations for which the Bryan platform includes in its denunciation as "unnecessary and wasteful," that it has become a most important factor in western development, in the building up of commonwealths and prosperous agricultural communities. The economic value of the work cannot be measured in dollars and cents. Our unoccupied public lands, which belong to all the people, are largely desert. To make them habitable is a national duty too obvious to be questioned. The future prosperity and growth of sixteen western states and territories are linked inseparably with irrigation. The desert reclaimed will support millions in comfort in homes of their own, thus affording relief from the congestion of population in the older settled sections of the country. Conservative engineers estimate that at least 25,000,000 acres of land now desolate and uninhabited will be converted into small farms under the reclamation law passed by congress six years ago and signed by President Roosevelt. The reclamation service is engaged upon the construction of twenty-five irrigation projects, and large areas have been settled upon and are now producing crops.

The length of the canals dug up to Jan. 1, 1908, is 1,881 miles, or nearly the distance from New York to Idaho, and some of the canals carry whole rivers. Great dams have been con-

FOOTBALL

Wisconsin vs. Minnesota

Northrop Field, Minneapolis

Saturday, November 7th, 1908



Convenient train service to and from Minneapolis and St. Paul permits one to attend this Football Game and leave for home the same evening. Both teams are in splendid condition and a grand contest is assured.

Travel Via
Northern Pacific Railway

Call on Local Agent for Tickets, etc.

A. M. CLELAND, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul
Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition,
Seattle, Wash., 1909.

Big Public Ownership Party Meeting

At Gardner's Hall, Monday Evening, Nov. 2, at 8 P. M.

WALTER THOMAS MILLS

of Seattle, Washington, will lecture

Mr. Mills has just finished a two weeks lecture course in the city of Milwaukee, Wisconsin. There are 22,000 Socialist voters in Milwaukee and they have pronounced Mr. Mills the greatest Socialist Speaker in the world. He is generally termed the Little Giant of the Socialist Movement.

No Admission Everybody welcome Bring your friends

SOUVENIR ENVELOPES

The Dispatch has on hand a number of thousands of envelopes with views of Brainerd printed on them with a space for business card. Order now.

\$2.25 for box of 500—printed

structed and wagon roads built, and there have been excavated 42,447,000 cubic yards of earth and rock. Eight new towns have been established, a hundred miles of branch railroads have been constructed, and 14,000 people have taken up their residence in what was once a desert.

The work is being pushed with all the energy of which the government is capable and will continue to be pushed by a Republican administration with William H. Taft as president.

As the Bryan platform arraigns the Republican party for incurring "unnecessary and wasteful expense" in this and other undertakings for the benefit of the American people, it is to be assumed that if Bryanism should exceed in the election the great work of irrigating the arid lands of the west would be partly if not wholly abandoned. All signs, however, indicate that Taft and Sherman will have a majority in November overwhelming enough to set at rest any apprehension that the sixteen western states and

territories which depend so largely on irrigation for their prosperity will be made to suffer from the Bryanite blight and all the calamity Bryanism would bring upon those states and the nation at large.

It is becoming more and more apparent that the vote of organized labor will be cast as individually this year as in any year. It will not be cast as a single ballot. And the individual members of the unions have shown that they understand which is the party whose policies protect American wages and the American standard of living.

Do you think Bryan's close political friends would make a good cabinet?

It is superfluous to prove that as Bryan was for free silver so he is now, though secretly, for the fifty cent dollar. But the knowledge may help contributions in real money from the silver mine owners to the Democratic campaign fund.

Great Profit-Sharing System

We have thought of a plan whereby we can sell pianos at a saving of 20% from our net card prices, giving our customers the benefit of the saving in the cost of selling. This is a form of a

PIANO BUYER'S CLUB

Has it ever occurred to you

That the selling of thirty pianos thru our Piano Buyer's Club means a heavy saving in expense to us? We are therefore introducing our Profit-Sharing System in the form of our Piano Buyer's Club, so that

Our Friends and Customers Can Reap Their Share of Profits

Write for Piano Buyer's Club Certificate and Particulars to

STONE PIANO CO.

CAPITAL STOCK \$250,000.00

(INCOPORATED)

ESTABLISHED 1894

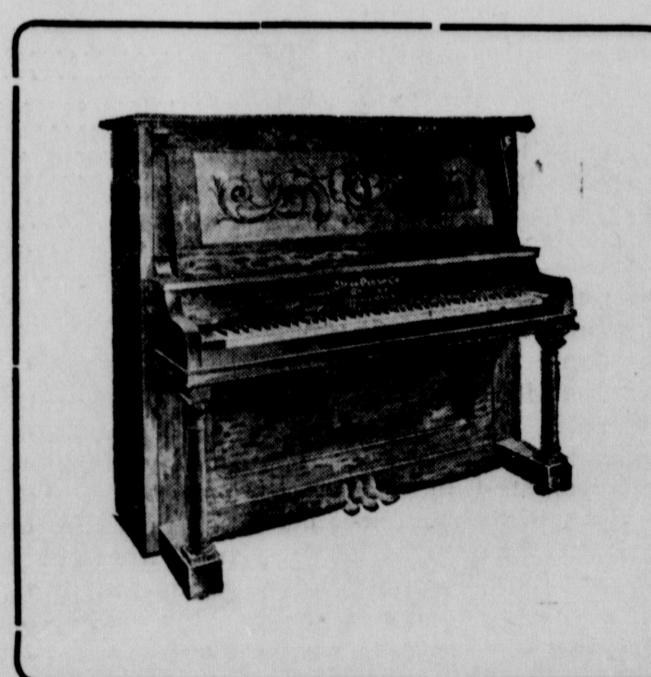
FARGO, NORTH DAKOTA

We represent more than 22

Different Piano Manufacturers and have in stock, at all times, over two hundred New Pianos of the latest styles and models to select from.

20 Per Cent Saved

If you purchase a piano from us at any time between October 15th and November 5th, 1908.



LINDBERGH HELD ROUSING MEETING

Republican Congressman Dis-
cussed Political Issues at
Opera House

HE DISCUSSED NATIONAL ISSUES

And Urged All Good Republicans
to Stand by Entire Ticket
Next Tuesday

Congressman C. A. Lindbergh was greeted by a full house Friday evening when he arose in the opera house to address the voters of Brainerd on the political issues of the day. In addition to a good sized crowd of Brainerdites about 200 came up from Little Falls on a special train which arrived here at 8:15. Mr. Lindbergh was introduced by Mayor Wise, who presided at the meeting, in a few well chosen words.

Mr. Lindbergh was greeted with hearty applause when he arose, and he plunged at once into the subject before him with few preliminary remarks. He commenced by recalling some of Bryan's predictions in the past, emphasizing the fact that Bryan admitted that the democratic times of 1896 were hard times, and then called the attention of the audience to the fact that Bryan's predictions of a continuation unless he was elected, proved false.

He also took up the question of social unrest caused by the growth of combinations in the period of prosperity following the civil war. That these combinations were permitted to exist was, he said, not because the republican party favored them, but because the American people, at that time, were, regardless of party, opposed to any governmental interference with private affairs. At that time the prevailing sentiment was for the least possible government. The republican party, he said, had proceeded in this respect as fast as the people would support them.

Regarding the tariff he declared that at the time the Dingley schedule was put in force it was fitted to the needs of the people, but that today it needed revising and the republican party would revise it. The democratic panic, 1893-6, he described as both a financial and industrial panic. The panic of 1907 he declared was purely financial, and no industrial enterprise suffered except incidentally. He called special attention to the fact that during the recent flurry there had been no fall in the prices of the products of labor, while in the panic of 1893 and the years following farm products and manufactured goods had fallen far below the cost of production.

Mr. Lindbergh dwelt at length on the record of Jacob F. Jacobson, the republican nominee for governor, and urged all republicans to stand by the ticket.

Mr. Lindbergh, who came up from Little Falls on the noon train, held an informal reception in the Ransford hotel lobby before the meeting and was introduced to many of the local business men.

Congressman Lindbergh went to Deerwood this afternoon accompanied by a party of Brainerd republicans and will hold a republican rally at that place tonight. Hon. B. F. Wright, republican candidate for district judge, accompanied the party. E. A. Kling, of Little Falls, republican nominee for the legislature, came up from there to-day and also accompanied the party.

East Brainerd Bridge Needs Immediate Repairing

TO THE EDITOR DAILY DISPATCH:

The East Brainerd bridge is in dangerous condition and needs immediate repairing. The walk on the bridge is full of holes, many of them large enough to admit a man's foot. The railings on both sides are in bad shape. On the walk side, that is the north side of the bridge, at least 70 feet of the lower part of the railing is missing, while the other side has about 30 feet missing.

The city is now defendant in a damage suit in which it is alleged a defective sidewalk was the cause of some person's injury. Anybody is liable to trip on this defective walk. If he sticks in any one of the 50 holes, we counted them all, he is good for a sprained ankle. If the trap does not hold him he is liable to roll through the damaged railing and off the bridge.

If it is cheaper for the city to fight damage suits than repair bridges, why let things go as they are? If the city hasn't enough money to repair the bridge, then protect the tax payers by closing it. Don't wait until somebody breaks his leg or falls through or off the bridge.

JOHN A. HOFFBAUER.

Oct. 30, 1908.

A Healthy Family

"Our whole family has enjoyed good health since we began using Dr. King's New Life Pills, three years ago," says L. A. Bartlett, of Rural Route 1, Guilford, Maine. They cleanse and tone the system in a gentle way that does you good 25¢ at H. P. Dunn's drug store.

TOWERS CASE ARGUED

Brainerd Man Convicted of Third Degree Murder Appeals to Supreme Court

Minneapolis Journal: The appeal of Henry Towers, convicted of murder in the third degree and sentenced to twenty-five years in state's prison as the result of the killing of Albert Hagadorn at Brainerd on Christmas day, 1906, was up for hearing before the supreme court today. Towers was attacked in a saloon by Hagadorn, and after the assault he went home, procured a shotgun and fired it at his victim, who died several days later.

TWO FOOT BALL GAMES TODAY

Bemidji Team Meets Brainerd High School Team on the McKay Grounds Today

JUNIORS ALSO HAVE A GAME

Second Aitkin High School Team Came Down and Beat the Brainerd Boys

FIRS HALF

Brainerd.....0

Bemidji.....0

FINAL SCORE

Brainerd.....0

Bemidji.....0

The football fan is in his element this afternoon. Two games were scheduled to be pulled off at the McKay grounds this afternoon. The principal interest centers in the game between the Brainerd Highs and the Bemidji Highs. Both teams have a good record, Brainerd not having been beaten yet this season. There was a good crowd of rooters came down with the Bemidji team; and a lively game is certain. The following is the lineup of the teams:

Brainerd	Bemidji
Hahood	c
O'Conners	lg
Jeffers	rg
Mahlum	lt
Barron	rt
Cullen	le
Ousdahl	re
Horn	fb
Carlson	rh
Alderman	lh
Parker	q
	Brennemann
	Hundrum
	McDonald
	Boyer
	C. Gould
	D. Gould
	Krusz
	Kretz
	Gill
	Stanton
	Hoffman

Before the main event of the afternoon the Aitkin Juniors met the Brainerd Juniors on the same field with the following lineup:

Brainerd	Aitkin
C. Slipp	c
McQuillin	lg
L. Slipp	rg
K. Smith	lt
Day	rt
Brown	le
Taylor	re
Purdy	q
L. Smith	rh
Koop	fb
Bush	rh

This game resulted in the defeat of Brainerd Juniors 10 to 0.

BOUNDED OVER FOR PULLING A GUN

George Cominsky Said to Have to Have Threatened Frank Petrie Friday Night

WOULD NOT DRINK WITH HIM

Cominsky Wanted to Buy Booze for Petrie But Latter Would Not Have It

George Cominsky, who claims Minneapolis as his place of residence, is languishing in the county jail awaiting the action of the grand jury all because Frank Petrie would not drink with him.

According to the story told by Petrie, Cominsky came into Jerry Crowley's saloon between seven and eight o'clock Friday evening and accosting Petrie wanting him to drink with him. Petrie was not dry just at that time and refused, whereupon Cominsky pulled the gun, a .38 calibre revolver, and flourished it in a dangerous manner.

Cominsky, when in court today demanded a hearing, and after listening to the evidence of Petrie and the story of Cominsky, Judge Allbright held the latter to the grand jury. According to the story told by Cominsky, who drifted into town from Minneapolis, via Wadena, he had been drinking and thought some strangers drinking with him were trying to rob him. He went to a local hardware store and bought a gun, and afterwards, while still under the influence of liquor went into the saloon where the trouble with Petrie occurred.

Are You Looking for a Pudding?

Most people are, and D-Zerta Quick Pudding is the only quick dessert that delights and satisfies every housekeeper and the entire family. Every package guaranteed under the Pure Food Laws. Try a package of D-Zerta Quick Pudding today from your grocer and you will buy often and tell your friends. Various flavors at all grocers, 10¢ Order-to-day.

INJURED MAN IS A LITTLE BETTER

John McDonald, Jr., who was Stabbed at Staples is in Critical Condition

HE WAS CUT FOUR TIMES

Burglar Saw Him First and Tackled Him--Two Blows Penetrating Lungs

John McDonald, Jr., who was stabbed by a burglar in his home at Staples Friday morning is reported as a little better this morning but is still in a critical condition. He is at the Northern Pacific hospital and his wife and mother-in-law, Mrs. Julius Ricks, are in the city and spent most of the night at the hospital. With Mrs. McDonald, is also their three months old baby boy. They are staying at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Keene, who cared for the little one during the absence of the mother at the hospital.

The story of the cutting as related by the family is as follows:

Mr. McDonald is a freight conductor on the Northern Pacific railroad, and resides with his wife's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Julius Ricks. He got in early Friday morning from his run and found the door unlocked. Surprised at this he turned on the electric light. The burglar, who was in the shadow so that he did not see him at once, tackled him, striking him over the heart twice. A heavy overcoat and coat prevented the dagger from penetrating to the heart. McDonald struck the intruder and the latter clinched, striking him twice in the back, just below the shoulderblade, the weapon penetrating the lungs.

Mr. and Mrs. Ricks, roused by the scuffle, rushed down stairs, but the intruder had torn from Mr. McDonald and fled leaving his victim lying in a pool of blood on the floor.

A physician was called and the wounded man's hurts were dressed and he was brought to this city yesterday afternoon.

No trace, so far as can be learned here, has been found of his assailant. Feeling is strong among the railroad boys, and it is said that it will go hard with him if caught.

Had a Close Call

Mrs. Ada L. Croom, the widely known proprietor of the Croom Hotel, Vaughn, Miss., says: "For seven months I suffered with a severe cough, and consumption seemed to have its grip on me, when a friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery. I began taking it, and three bottles affected a complete cure." The fame of this life saving cough and cold remedy, and lung and throat healer is world wide. Sold at H. P. Dunn's drug store, 50¢ and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

Judge Taft points to the negro citizen the way to recognition through intelligent industry, which is always coupled with political intelligence.

MUSIC AND DRAMA

The Devil

Winnipeg News:—"The Devil," as played at the Walker theatre last night is not nearly so black as he was painted and this was purely (if one may be allowed the use of so paradoxical a word in relation to the devil) owing to the excellent tact of the actor in the part of his satanic majesty. Stevens, who is playing the character in New York, must give a superbly fine performance if it is the superior of Ramsey Wallace, who is playing the sulphurous but seductive gentleman at the Walker.

Mr. Wallace is most ably supported by Miss Elizabeth Murray as Olga Hoffman, the tempted and faithful wife who falls to the insidious suggestions of the Devil, which are merely the promptings of her own evil desires. The play itself is an unpleasant one.

STRAIN TOO GREAT

Hundreds of Brainerd Readers Find Daily Toil a Burden

The hustle and worry of business men,

The hard work and stooping of workers,

The woman's household cares, Are too great a strain on the kidneys.

Backache, headache, sideache, Kidney troubles, urinary troubles follow.

A Brainerd citizen tells you how to cure them all.

Mrs. Henry Elling, living at 119 Second Ave., Brainerd, Minn., says: "Off and on for several years my husband was troubled with his back and kidneys. At times it was only an uncomfortable feeling of weakness, and then again his back ached severely. Having been told about Doan's Kidney Pills he procured a box from H. P. Dunn's drug store and began taking them. Since using this remedy Mr. Elling has ceased to complain of kidney trouble and recommends Doan's Kidney Pills in the highest terms."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

The Right Styles



If you Mr. Clothes Wearer; are not possessed of keen perception, you are likely to be puzzled at the Multiplicity of styles shown this fall.

Make sure that your choice is made at the right store. Of the many styles, faddish, semi-faddish and conservative, we can help you find that which is best adapted to your figure, taste and pocket book. Try us.

**\$15.00 to \$25.00
is a safe price here**



McKibben Hats and Gloves

UPSET STOMACH OR DYSPEPSIA

Harmless Anti-Ferment and Digestive Gives Almost Instant Relief

ALL DYSPEPSIA VANISHES

Digests What You Eat Just as a Strong Healthy Stomach Would do it

You haven't catarrh of the stomach, or nervousness, or gastritis, or cancer, etc. Prove this by taking Pape's Diapepsin after your very next meal. Convince yourself within five minutes that your actual disease was sour, acid stomach—food fermentation—that every bite you ate turned to stomach gas, stomach poison and acid, which makes you feel sick and miserable, producing such symptoms as pain in the pit of the stomach, difficulty in breathing after a meal, headaches, belching, heartburn, nauseous breath, water brash, biliousness, sour risings, gas on the stomach and many other bad feelings.

Indigestion is a result, not a cause, of your misery. If the stomach is sour, your food becomes tainted, and that's why you have these stomach disorders.

Ask your pharmacist to show you a case of Pape's Diapepsin, which costs only 50 cents. Read what this effective stomach and digestive treatment contains, and how absolutely harmless it must be; how it does for the stomach what the washing and sun bath do for the churn; absolutely removes every corruption or tainting element, and will digest all the food you can eat.

Go to your druggist and get some Diapepsin now, then eat anything you want at your next meal, and you will not suffer from indigestion or stomach trouble. Each bite of food will taste good, and, besides, you will not need liver regulators to keep your intestines and stomach clean and fresh.

Now and forever rid yourself of the misery of indigestion and stomach trouble. Make your meals a pleasure by going to the table with a healthy appetite.

ITOH cured in 30 minutes by Woolord's Sanitary Lotion. Never fails. Sold by H. P. Dunn, druggist.

Notice

All applicants for the renting of Gardner's hall should be made to Geo. H. Gardner, Room No. 5, Wise block, 124th

Tips From the Security State Bank

During the first two and a half months of its existence, the Security has acquired the patronage of a very large number of the best citizens of your city and community.

All business transactions with this bank are regarded by us as strictly confidential.

The business affairs of Brainerd are in a prosperous condition; and nowhere is this more apparent than in the recently published statement of this bank.

Give the above facts your earnest consideration, that we may shortly have the pleasure of hearing from you.

**G. D. LaBAR, President
G. W. HOLLAND, Vice President
F. A. FARRAR, Cashier
Geo. H. BROWN, Ass't. Cashier**

Where the finest biscuit,
cake, hot-breads, crusts
or puddings are required
Royal is indispensable.

ROYAL

Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

Not only for rich or fine food
or for special times or service.
Royal is equally valuable in the
preparation of plain, substantial,
every-day foods, for all occasions.
It makes the food more
tasty, nutritious and wholesome

AGAINST NIGHT RIDERS.

Governor Patterson Says He Has
Plenty of Evidence.

Camp Nemo, Reelfoot Lake, Tenn., Oct. 31.—"We know who fired the shots and who put the rope around Rankin's neck," said Governor Patterson in a statement just issued. "The proof which has thus far developed is positive as to the guilt of some of the men under arrest and implicates many others. This will all be presented to the court at the proper time and a long step has been taken to discover and suppress lawlessness in this region. Conditions have been extremely bad, the night riders going from one lawless act to another until the culmination came with the murder of Captain Rankin and the attempted murder of Colonel Taylor. The number of men actually at the killing was probably not more than ten, while some stood guard and others held the horses. The whole number engaged in the undertaking did not exceed thirty-five. The inquiry will be further prosecuted and the state will have ample evidence to convict."

It is learned that Frank Ferriner's confession was full and complete; that he says he was with the men who took Rankin and Taylor to the bank of the slough; that he told the name of the man who pulled the rope lifting the mob's victim into the air and the name of the man who fired the first shot into Rankin's body. The confessions of Ferriner, Hogg and Morris substantiate, it is said, that of Tid Burton.

Three more prisoners have been brought in.

The next visit of
Dr. N. W. Wilken
of Moorhead
to this City will be
Nov. 12th and 13th
at National Hotel

CAMPAIGN EXPENDITURES.

Democratic Party Cannot Claim Unsullied Virtue as to Source of Its Revenues.

(From Gov. Hughes' Youngstown Speech.)

"Mr. Bryan also has much to say with regard to corrupt practices and campaign expenditures. But he omits to give due credit to the Republican party for what it has accomplished with regard to these important reforms, an accomplishment the more noteworthy in the light of Mr. Bryan's reiterated criticisms of contributions to Republican campaign funds. In the State of New York a Republican Legislature in 1906 passed a statute prohibiting corporations from making any political contributions directly or indirectly, and providing that officers, directors or stockholders participating in or consenting to the violation of the law should be guilty of a criminal offense. And I know of no more drastic statute in this country with regard to the publicity of campaign contributions and for the prevention of corrupt practices than that passed in New York under Republican auspices. These were not promises of an opposition party seeking power, but enactments by a party in power securing genuine reforms. Proper recognition must, of course, be given to the patriotic Democrats who supported these reforms, but they were enacted by a Republican administration. Congress has also legislated against political contributions by corporations. Purity of elections and free opportunity for the uncorrupted expression of the popular will lie at the foundation of every reform and cannot be too carefully safeguarded. And there should be federal legislation securing proper publicity of and accounting for campaign contributions in connection with federal elections. But it must fairly be recognized that the skirts of neither party have been clean. If we search Mr. Bryan's following we shall find not a few who have sinned, and also those who, if we may judge from their local activities, are still unrepentant. The Democratic party cannot claim unsullied virtue either with regard to the source of its revenues or its readiness to receive them."

Mr. Bryan apparently would rather be wrong than be president.

DENUNCIATION OF PLUTOCRATS

Feature of Bryan's Addresses in Cleveland, O.

ROCKEFELLER AND CARNEGIE

Severely Scored by the Democratic Presidential Candidate—President Roosevelt, Judge Taft and Secretary Root Also Criticised by the Nebraskan—Appeals to Laboring Men to Support the Democratic Ticket.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 31.—Heaping denunciation upon the heads of John D. Rockefeller, Andrew Carnegie, President Roosevelt and Mr. Taft, his Republican opponent, because he charged, of their connection or sympathies with the trusts, William J. Bryan in this city brought to a close another strenuous day of campaigning. The principal meeting was held in the big Central armory, while a second audience was addressed at Gray's armory. Later the candidate spoke to the street crowds from the balcony of the Hollenden hotel. The arrival of the candidate at the armory was heralded by a great throng outside and their cheers were taken up by those on the inside, who broke out into a frenzy of applause when he made his appearance on the platform. Mr. Bryan apparently was at his best, his voice carrying to every corner of the building, and he spoke with vigor and animation.

Launching at once into the issues of the campaign, the Democratic candidate did not spare the Democratic platform, laying great stress on the planks relating to the guaranteeing of bank deposits, publicity of campaign contributions and the trusts. The two latter topics furnished him the themes for his attacks on the financiers, the president and Mr. Taft. The Standard Oil company and the steel trust, through Messrs. Rockefeller and Carnegie, were credited with furnishing the funds for the Republican campaign.

Appeals to Laboring Men.

Earlier in the day Mr. Bryan gave out a statement of his views regarding the declarations of the two financiers that they were supporting the Republican candidate, and this statement was practically embodied in Mr. Bryan's speeches here. He also emphasized the labor planks of the Denver platform and made an appeal for the laboring men to stand together and support the national Democratic ticket if they expected the remedial legislation they desired.

Not content with his strictures upon those named, Mr. Bryan had something to say about Secretary Root, who is credited with having stated that Mr. Bryan's election would be a menace to the country.

"I see Mr. Root has made an argument against the election of senators by the people," he remarked. "I am not surprised. No man in public life has more reason to fear an election at which the people vote."

"He also thinks my election would be a menace to the country. That is not surprising. He began his legal career with a defense of Boss Tweed and has been so intimately associated with the big law-breakers ever since that he would naturally resent the Democratic idea of enforcing the law impartially against offenders."

SHERCLIFFE ARRESTED.

Alleged Murderer and Robber Captured in Tennessee.

Knoxville, Tenn., Oct. 31.—After a hard struggle, two policemen arrested a stranger here, believed to be Frank Shercliffe, alias S. W. Morris, who is wanted on the charge of robbery of a Pullman car on the Great Northern road near Minneapolis in April last, and also on the charge of murder. When searched, the prisoner had on his person a pistol, \$600 in gold secreted in one sleeve, and other money.

It is supposed here that the murder charge is the one on which Shercliffe is wanted at Des Moines, to which place he agreed to go without requisition papers.

KILLED BY A ROBBER.

Wisconsin Man Shot Dead in Pool Hall Near Duluth.

Duluth, Oct. 31.—John M. Connolly, a fireman on the Mesaba road, was murdered in a pool hall at Proctor Knott, a suburb of Duluth, by robbers. They tried to hold up the crowd. Thinking them jokers, Connolly approached one of them as if to disarm him, and the outlaw shot him through the heart. Both robbers escaped. Connolly's home is at New Richmond, Wis.

Vessels Driven to Shelter.

Chatham, Mass., Oct. 31.—Driven to shelter from the northeast gale which swept the New England coast, five big steamers of various coast lines are still at anchor off here. Although the gale has shifted to the northwest, clearing away the fog and smoothing the sea to some extent, the conditions are still so bad that none of the captains care to leave their anchorages. None of the vessels is in danger.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF TRADE

Unsettled Weather and Pre-Election Quiet Affect Business.

New York, Oct. 31.—Bradstreet's review of trade says unsettled weather and pre-election quiet are in evidence this week, as affecting trade at a great many cities. Except at Chicago and New York, where some good business has been done in wholesale lines for spring, first and second hand distribution has been confined to filling in and immediate shipment proportions. Current distribution as a whole is still reported below last year at the corresponding date, except at a few points in the Northwest. Perhaps the most active line at wholesale is that of cotton goods for spring. The clothing trade is rather quiet as a whole, being affected by past prevailing weather, but men's wear woolen reorders for spring are reported better, and there has been the largest week's business in raw wool done this year at Boston. There is a better tone in the footwear trade, rainy weather having helped. Eastern manufacturers, however, report medium and low priced goods most in demand. Industry is fairly well employed, though the low stage of water in streams affects manufacturing from the Alleghenies eastward to the coast, especially in coke-making, coal mining and paper and textile manufacturing. Pig iron is quiet and weaker at Pittsburgh but more active at Eastern markets and mild weather restricts demand for coal the country over.

COLLISION OF CARS.

Results in Serious Injury to Five Persons.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 31.—With the draw of the Superior avenue viaduct open a Denison and Central avenue street car crashed into a Payne and Bridge avenue car, tossing the passengers about with great force and injuring five seriously, while four score or more received painful hurts in the panic that followed. The seriously injured are:

Charles McDonald, Burt Cochran, John L. Fowles, Jr., T. W. Kallsky and Max Depths.

Only the fact that the Payne avenue car, which had stopped within forty feet of the open draw, had the brakes tightly set prevented both cars from being hurled into the river.

Two Killed by a Car.

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 31.—Mrs. Leroy T. Wood, aged sixty-eight years, and William F. Gamble, sixty-four years old, two of Montgomery county's best known residents, were killed by an interurban car while crossing the tracks in a buggy.

Articles of Incorporation of La Providencia Mining Company

The undersigned, for the purpose of forming a corporation under Sections 307a and 3071 inclusive of Ch. 50 of the Revised Statutes of the State of Minnesota and all laws amendatory thereof and supplemental and additional thereto, do hereby agree upon and adopt the following articles, to-wit:

ARTICLE 1

The name of this corporation shall be La Providencia Mining Company.

ARTICLE 2

The general nature of its business shall be mining, smelting, reducing, refining, or working ores or minerals; for working coal mines or stone quarries, or for buying, working, selling or dealing in mineral lands or other lands and all material found thereon or therein, and all other things incident thereto. This corporation may acquire and hold land in another corporation if a majority in amount of the stockholders agree thereto and such agreement may be by a resolution signed heretofore provided.

ARTICLE 3

The place of the principal office or headquarters of the company shall be Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

ARTICLE 4

The term for which this corporation is organized is thirty [30] years.

ARTICLE 5

The names and places of residence of the persons so associated to form such corporation are as follows:

William D. McKay, Brainerd, Minnesota. George D. LaBar, Brainerd, Minnesota. Fred A. Farrar, Brainerd, Minnesota. George W. Holland, Brainerd, Minnesota. Leon E. Lum, Duluth, Minnesota. Henry S. McKay, Cananea, Sonora, Mexico.

ARTICLE 6

The government of this corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of directors, six of whom may be stockholders in this corporation, and the officers shall be a President, a Vice-President, a Secretary and Treasurer, which two last named offices may be held by the same person if the board of directors so orders. The president must be a director of this corporation.

The first board of directors shall be William D. McKay of Brainerd, Minnesota, George D. LaBar of Brainerd, Minnesota, Fred A. Farrar of Brainerd, Minnesota, George W. Holland of Brainerd, Minnesota, Leon E. Lum of Duluth, Minnesota, and Henry S. McKay of Cananea, Sonora, Mexico, who may serve until the next annual election. Any resolution in writing signed by four directors shall have the same force and effect as if passed at a regularly called directors' meeting.

ARTICLE 7

The amount of the capital stock of this corporation shall be one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), divided into one hundred thousand shares of one [1] dollar each, and paid in as the board of directors provides.

ARTICLE 8

The regular annual meeting of stockholders for the election of the directors of this company shall be held at its office in Brainerd, Minnesota, on the first Monday in October of each and every year. Any resolution signed by the holders of record of a majority of the capital stock issued and by a majority of the stockholders shall have the same force and effect as if passed at a regularly called directors' meeting.

ARTICLE 9

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which this corporation shall at any time be subject is One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).

In witness Whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 24th day of October, A.D. 1908.

WILLIAM D. MCKAY, (seal)
GEORGE D. LABAR, (seal)
FRED A. FARRAR, (seal)
GEORGE W. HOLLAND, (seal)
LEON E. LUM, (seal)
HENRY S. MCKAY, (seal)

In presence of:
GEO. H. BROWN
B. L. LAGERQUIST
STATE OF MINNESOTA, ss

County of Crow Wing, ss

On this 24th day of October, 1908, before me, a notary public in and for said County and State, personally appeared William D. McKay, of Brainerd, Minnesota, Fred A. Farrar, of Brainerd, Minnesota, George W. Holland, of Brainerd, Minnesota, Leon E. Lum, of Duluth, Minnesota, and Henry S. McKay, of Cananea, Sonora, Mexico, to me known to be the persons named in and who executed the foregoing and within instrument, and acknowledged that they executed the same each for himself and as his own free agent.

GEORGE H. BROWN
Notary Public, Crow Wing County, Minn.
My commission expires Jan. 2nd, 1911.

Where to Worship

Parties interested will please bear in mind that notices must be in *THE DRAPEACH* office by 5:30 p.m. Friday evening to insure insertion Saturday. This is necessary to permit copy to be ready for printer Saturday morning.

St. Francis' Catholic church: Service will be held at 8:30 a.m. and 10:30 a.m. Sunday school at 2 o'clock p.m., vespers and benediction 8 o'clock p.m. mass on week days 7:30 a.m., except on Tuesdays and Saturdays, when mass is at St. Joseph's hospital. Rev. J. J. O'Mahoney, pastor.

Swedish Lutheran church: Morning service at 10:30; Sunday school at 12 a.m. Evening services 7:45 p.m. Communion service. Rev. Hugo Thorenson.

Christian Scientists: Services every Sunday at 11:00 a.m., in the Calle hall, 62½ Front street. Wednesday evening 8 o'clock. All are welcome. Sunday school at 12 m.

Swedish Mission church, Cor. Maple and Ninth street south: Morning service at 10:45 a.m.; evening service at 7:45 p.m., Sunday school noon. Mid-week service on Thursday evening at 8 p.m. Rev. C. V. S. Engstrom, pastor.

Norwegian Lutheran church, 7th St. south, between Laurel and Maple streets: Services at 10:30 in the morning and at 7:30 in the evening. Sunday school at 12 m. Sunday school in both the Norwegian and English languages.

First Baptist church: Morning service at 10:30, Sunday school at 12:30 p.m. Junior society at 3 p.m. Young Peoples' society at 7:30 p.m. Evening service 7:30. Rev. J. E. Abramson, pastor.

People's Congregational church Preaching 10:45 a.m., Sunday school 12 o'clock, noon. Y. P. S. C. E. a: 7:00 p.m. Evening service at 8:00 p.m. Thursday evening—Junior Endeavor 4:30 o'clock, Prayer meeting 8:00 o'clock. Strangers specially invited. Rev. F. L. Kirk, pastor.

There will be no evening services because of the union Endeavor meeting at the Presbyterian church.

Evangelical church: Sunday school at 10 a.m., morning service at 11 a.m., Y. P. A. at 7:00 p.m. Evening service every Sunday at 8 p.m. A cordial invitation is extended to all. Strangers especially welcome. D. Groenig, pastor.

Swedish Baptist: Sunday school at 9:30 a.m. Preaching at 10:45 a.m. Young Peoples' Society meeting at 5 p.m. Preaching 8 p.m. Mid-week meeting Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Oscar S. Jacobson, Pastor.

Norwegian-Danish Lutheran church, near corner 10th and Bluff Avenue. Unless otherwise announced the following order will be observed as nearly as possible: Morning services 10:30 a.m., first and third Sunday every month. Evening services at 7:45 p.m., every Sunday in the month except the 4th, when the pastor is regularly at Pequot. No evening services Easter day, Pentecost or similar occasions. C. Hough stadt, pastor.

There will be confirmation services at 10:30 a.m. The usual offerings for the home mission will be taken up. No evening services.

Swedish M. E. church: Kindred St. N. E. Services every Sunday at 10:45. Sunday school at noon every Sunday. Rev. Oscar Grefberg, pastor.

First Congregational church, corner Juniper and Fifth streets: Public worship at 10:30 a.m., and 8:00 p.m. Sunday school 12. Young Peoples' Society at 7:00 p.m.

First Methodist Episcopal church, corner of Juniper and Sixth streets. Morning service at 10:30, Sunday school at 12, Epworth League 6:45 p.m. Evening service at 7:45 o'clock. Rev. Charles Fox Davis, pastor.

Morning, "Christ's Words of Praise for a Church Goer and Her Gift." Evening, "The Battle of the Ballot," the last in the series. Epworth League at 6:45, conducted by the pastor. A full attendance is requested.

St. Paul's Episcopal church, Holy communion 8:30 a.m., except first Sunday in each month. Then 10:30 a.m. Morning prayer, litany and sermon at 10:30 a.m., Sunday School at noon.

Presbyterian church: Morning services at 10:30. Sunday school at 11:30. Christian Endeavor at 7:00. Evening service at 8:00 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:45. All are always welcome.

Morning subject, "The Church and Politics." In the evening Walter D. Howell, field secretary of the Minnesota Christian Endeavor will address a mass meeting.

Y. M. C. A.—Open meeting at 4 p.m., addressed by Walter D. Howell, field secretary of the Minnesota Christian Endeavor Union. All are invited to be present.

BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

Volume 8, No. 127

BRAINERD, MINN., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1908

Price Two Cents

TRIES TO DEFEND HIS OPERATIONS

Banker Charles W. Morse on the Witness Stand.

SHARP, ACCUSING QUESTIONS

Put to the Famous Financier by United States District Attorney Stimson. Banker at His Best on the Defensive and Refuses to Answer Several Questions Unless Allowed to Explain Himself at Length.

New York, Oct. 31.—For more than six hours Charles W. Morse, who a year ago was one of the dominant figures in Wall street, sat in the witness chair in the criminal branch of the United States circuit court, endeavoring to defend the financial operations in connection with the National Bank of North America which resulted in the indictment of Mr. Morse and Alfred H. Curtis on charges of conspiracy and violation of the national banking laws.

All went smoothly during the morning session when the lawyers for the defense asked questions of Mr. Morse, but late in the day, when United States District Attorney Stimson took up the cross-examination for the government, sharp, accusing questions were put to the financier.

Mr. Morse on the defensive was at his best. Several times he refused to answer questions unless he were permitted to explain himself at length. He sparred cleverly with Mr. Stimson and a number of times, rather than insist upon an answer to a question with an explanation accompanying it, Mr. Stimson withdrew the question.

Mr. Stimson sprang somewhat of a surprise on Mr. Morse when he took up the loan of more than \$125,000 made to Miss Katherine A. Wilson, Mr. Morse's secretary. The financier had testified that the loan had been made in his behalf and that the Leslie Whiting loans were also his. Then, with Mr. Morse still in the witness chair, Mr. Stimson read a letter addressed to the comptroller of the currency, W. B. Ridgely, and signed by Mr. Morse and other directors of the New Amsterdam bank, saying that Mr. Morse was not directly interested in the loan.

Admits Loan Was His.

Mr. Stimson asked Mr. Morse again if he had understood that the Wilson loan was made in his behalf and Mr. Morse replied that the loan was his. Mr. Stimson then read another letter, this one being from Comptroller Ridgely to the president of the New Amsterdam bank. It called attention to the excessive loans made by the bank and especially mentioned the one to Miss Wilson saying that the 430 shares of National Bank of North America stock put up to secure the loan was not sufficient collateral. The letter pointed out that the stock was only quoted at \$115,000 at the time and added that "the examiner is under the impression that Mr. Morse is in some way connected with the loan."

It was this letter from the comptroller that called forth the one signed by Mr. Morse and the New Amsterdam bank directors declaring Mr. Morse was not directly interested in the Wilson loan.

When the cross-examination was begun Mr. Stimson asked Mr. Morse concerning the banking and fiduciary institutions he had been connected with. This was to show that Mr. Morse was familiar with the very details of the banking business and the national bank laws, but the witness insisted that he did not understand the legal exactions and details of the business, saying that he always retained a lawyer when any legal point arose.

Never Read the Reports.

It was then brought out that Mr. Morse never read the reports to the comptroller of the currency showing the bank's outstanding loans, endorsements, etc., but that he signed them off.

DR. PRICE'S WHEAT FLAKE FOOD

The aged and young, delicate and strong, sick and well are benefited by eating this simple food.

SLEDGE-HAMMER BLOWS BY TAFT

Delivered at Gompers-Bryan Labor Legislation Plans.

NAMES PROMINENT LABORITES

Asserts They Have Declined to Follow the President of the American Federation of Labor—Classes Gompers' Attempt to Deliver Labor Vote as One of the Most Audacious Acts in the Political History of the Country.

Buffalo, N. Y., Oct. 31.—Sledge-hammer blows at the Gompers-Bryan labor legislation plans were delivered here by William H. Taft before two immense audiences. Mr. Taft gave the names of many labor leaders high in the councils of the American Federation of Labor who he said were leaving Mr. Gompers.

"Not in the least," was the answer. "Was the alarm of Mr. Curtis shared by the directors?" was the next question.

"Not to the extent of making them pay off their loans," observed Mr. Morse.

The Heinze loan of \$212,000 was entered into briefly, Mr. Morse explaining that the loan was made on supposedly good collateral. Mr. Curtis refused to make this loan and Mr. Morse afterwards put it through.

REGARDED WITH SOME AMUSEMENT

White House View of Rockefeller's Announcement.

Washington, Oct. 31.—The following official statement was issued from the White House:

"At the White House, the announcement of Mr. Rockefeller through the press agent of the Standard Oil company was regarded with some amusement, in view of what the administration has done to the Standard Oil company and of the bitter hatred borne by the Standard Oil company to the administration. It is a perfectly palpable and obvious trick on the part of the Standard Oil people to try to damage Taft—a trick so palpable that it can deceive no one."

New York, Oct. 31.—Frank H. Hitchcock, chairman of the Republican national committee, says:

"The statement that the Republican national committee has received financial assistance from the Standard Oil company is absolutely false. The committee has not received, directly or indirectly, from that organization or any of its officers, a single dollar."

"Not a dollar from that source (the Standard Oil company) has been received by the Republican national committee. The whole statement is absolutely without foundation. Not a dollar has been received from any other corporation. Not a dollar has been received from any officer connected with the Standard Oil company."

"I never heard of the Rockefeller statement until now. When our sworn list of contributors is published after the election, according to the state law, it will show the falsity of the charge that the Republican national committee has received a dollar from any corporation, any trust or any officer of any corporation or trust."

Fatal Accidents in Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Oct. 31.—Two men were struck by freight trains in Minneapolis and one of them died of his injuries and the other is dying. George Gerwas died at St. Mary's hospital after being run over by a freight train at Minneapolis Junction. Mark Winkenwerder is dying at the city hospital as the result of being hit by a train at First street and Third avenue north.

JAMES KERR IS DEAD.

Democratic National Committeeman From Pennsylvania Expires.

New York, Oct. 31.—James Kerr, Democratic national committeeman from Pennsylvania, died at his summer home in New Rochelle, following an operation for an intestinal disorder which had made him practically an invalid for a year. His wife and sons were with him at the end.

William J. Bryan visited Mr. Kerr last Monday, and the latter was much elated over the visit of the Democratic candidate, but almost immediately afterwards suffered a nervous collapse, which greatly aggravated his already weakened condition. There had been several consultations of physicians within the past few days, and it was determined Thursday that the only chance of saving Mr. Kerr's life lay in performing an operation. The operation was performed, but the patient failed to rally after it.

The condition of Mr. Kerr became so serious last Wednesday that his children were summoned to New Rochelle.

Mr. Kerr was born in Mifflin county, Pa., in 1851. He received his education in the Pennsylvania schools and removed to Clearfield, Pa., when a young man. He took an active part in the politics on the side of the Democratic party, with which he had always been identified, and was elected to the Fifty-first congress in 1888. Mr. Kerr was Democratic state chairman during the Pattison-Delamater gubernatorial campaign in Pennsylvania, one of the rare occasions when the state went Democratic. It was at this time that he was made a member of the national Democratic committee.

MRS. WILLIAM ASTOR DIES IN NEW YORK

Famous Society Leader Victim of Heart Trouble.

New York, Oct. 31.—Mrs. William Astor, who for thirty years had been regarded as the social leader of New York, died of heart disease at her home on Fifth avenue. For nearly four weeks Mrs. Astor, who was eighty-two years old, had been in a critical condition owing to the return of a heart affection that had given her trouble for years.

There is not a name in the social register that is so well known from one end of the land to the other as that of Mrs. Astor. Despite her advancing years, Mrs. Astor continued to hold her social domination up to a year ago, when failing health compelled her to retire into comparative seclusion.

The society functions given and presided over by Mrs. Astor have gone down into history as the most brilliant on record. It is said that the ballroom in the mansion on Fifth avenue would accommodate 1,000 people. It was Mrs. Astor who established the "400," her visiting list being confined to that number of names. In 1905, however, Mrs. Astor was said to have "let down the bars," when she invited 1,200 persons to one of the most memorable social events ever given in New York.

WHITMORE ACQUITTED.

Found Not Guilty of the Murder of His Wife.

Jersey City, N. J., Oct. 31.—After being out two hours, the jury in the case of Theodore Whitmore, on trial for the murder of his wife, whose battered body was found on Dec. 26 of last year in a swamp near Harrison, N. J., returned a verdict of not guilty.

Whitmore's defense was an alibi, which he was able to establish by the testimony of a number of witnesses, who testified to having seen him in New York at the time of the commission of the crime in New Jersey.

Whitmore was much affected by the verdict. As the foreman of the jury made known the decision arrived at, he threw his arms around his attorney and effusively kissed him.

MILE A MINUTE.

Made by Henry Farman With His Aeroplane.

Mourmelon, France, Oct. 31.—Henry Farman for the first time gave a practical demonstration of the possibilities of the aeroplane by flying direct from this place to Rethes, a distance of twenty miles, without mishap.

The aeroplanist ascended at 4 o'clock p. m. An hour later a telegram was received from Farman announcing his safe arrival at Rethes. He said that he would stop there for the night and intended to return to Mourmelon in the morning by aeroplane.

The time of flight was twenty minutes and the height reached was between 120 and 150 feet. The course was literally the crow flies.

About Our Gloves

Adler's Silk Lined Gloves

We are showing Adler's silk lined mocha gloves in black, brown and black. These are real mocha and will give the best of service for street wear. \$1.50 the pair.

\$1.00 Glace Kid Gloves

Our kid gloves at \$1.00 are the very best obtainable at that price. They are very soft and pliable and will give you a full hundred cents worth of service. We show a full line of black and colors.

\$1.50 Glace Kid Gloves

This price secures you the very best quality of kid gloves. They are of select skins and made in the very best manner. They are made with three clasps. All colors and black.

Chamois Gloves

Chamois gloves make one of the very best street gloves. We have Adler's in two lengths—8 and 12 button at \$1.50 and \$2.50. These are the kind you can wash. Ask to see them.

Golf Gloves

All shades and black in these gloves. 25c, 50c and 60c quality.

H. Michael Co.

SNOW STORM IN NEW YORK

First of the Season to Reach the Mohawk Valley.

Utica, N. Y., Oct. 31.—The first good, real snow storm, accompanied with drift-piling winds that has whitened the northern counties of the state this fall, and the first of the season to reach the Mohawk valley, arrived along with a drop in temperature that reduced the mercury at many points to below zero. Reports

from the northern part of the state tell of a heavy fall of snow. Reports from the central part of the state are of lighter falls from Buffalo east to Gloversville.

Do you remember industrial conditions in the last Democratic administration?

Judge Taft has shown conclusively that the injunction operates against lawless capital as well as against lawless labor.



Comfort, Style and Service Are now assured in these Children's Coats

The material is pure wool which is steam-shrunk—so it will not fade, cockle nor pull out of shape. It will resist the hard wear given to school coats by active youngsters.

These coats are cut generously full to allow for freedom of motion—the mothers will approve that.

There are bands of contrasting color and brass buttons that the children will like.

The "WOOLTEX" Label Is the makers' guarantee of two seasons' wear.

Lined throughout with satin—unlined—with deep facing and yoke lining—according to the price.

O'Brien Mercantile Company

THE Security State Bank Pays Interest On Deposits

Bijou Theatre

F. E. LOW, Manager
Promoting
Advance Vaudeville

Thursday, Friday and Saturday

1. Spooks do the moving
2. Breaking into Society

VAUDEVILLE ACT
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. J. Wells
Laughing success
"A Personal Add"

3. A Sailor's Sweetheart
A Thrilling love story

Prices 10c and 15c

For Sale

Thorobred White Wyondotte and Barred Plymouth Rock Cockerels, at 50 and 75 cents.

Bert Sabin,
918 Mill Street N. E.

New Planing Mill Custom Work Solicited

Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices right. Lumber taken in exchange for work.

Heath & Kiley
Corner 4th and Laurel

FOR RENT

\$7.00 a month, 6 room house, at 724 Ninth St. N. E. Brainerd.

\$6.00 a month, 3 room house and barn, No. 523 Fourth St. North.

\$10.00 a month, store building.

For Particulars see

LYMAN P. WHITE
419 W. Front Street.

**Awnings, Tents, Stack
Covers, Flags, Etc.**
Write for prices and catalog.
American Tent & Awning Co.
207-209-211 Wash. Ave. N., Minneapolis

CASINO Roller Rink



WILL BE OPENED

TUESDAY

THURSDAY

AND

SATURDAY

Afternoon and Evening

Good Music and
Good Skating

Afternoon at 3 o'clock
Evening at 8 o'clock

Ladies Admission Free,
except when there are
special attractions.

Come and see them skate

E. C. BANE, Mgr.

Jacob Schmidt's bottle beer is delicious. We have the agency. Order a case. Telephone 164 John Coates Liquor Co.

Miss Ruth Parker came down from Wadena today to witness the football game and visit her parents over Sunday.

The best roofing for the money. Amatite! D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

Does baby need a go cart? We have what you want, D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

Every inexperienced cooks have "good luck" with Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder and Extracts. They never disappoint.

Money to loan on real estate securities—easy payments. C. A. KNIPPERBERG, Ransford Hotel. 124t6

The remains of Miss Sibyl Keiler, whose death was mentioned Thursday, were shipped to Leroy, Minn., last night for interment.

The best in fruit jars. Schram's Automatic Sealers. D. M. Clark & 61tf

Store your stoves and household goods with D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

Mrs. J. M. Hallett and Lee Hallett returned today from Duluth. Little Jean Clarkson came with them to visit with grandma for a few days.

Attention sportsmen. We have the best and latest in guns, rifles, and ammunition. Guns to rent. D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

C. C. Sorenson returned today from a visit to Mankato, where he went last week, not finding himself able to commence work after his recent sickness. He will return to his work in the shop offices Monday.

Oct. 31 In History.

1517—Luther published his "Thesis" at Wittenberg; beginning of the reformation.

1735—John Adams, second president of the United States, born; died July 4, 1826.

1873—The Cuban filibuster steamer Virginus, fitted out at New York, captured near Jamaica by the Spanish gunboat Tomada and taken to Cuba; this event furnished the most sensational incident of the first Cuban revolt.

1906—Judge Joseph E. Gary of the county superior court, presiding justice in the anarchist trials in Chicago, died; born 1821.

ASTRONOMICAL EVENTS.
Sun sets 4:54, rises 6:26; moon sets 10:15 p. m.; moon at first quarter 9:16 a. m., eastern time, in constellation Capricornus; Halloween.

DEATH OF W. M. FULLER

News was received in this city this morning of the death of W. M. Fuller, of Little Falls, which occurred at the hospital at St. Peter last night. While this was sudden news to the people in general who knew him in this locality, to his intimate friends who knew the conditions under which he was suffering, the final outcome was not a surprise.

Mr. Fuller was born in Little Falls and lived there all his life and was identified in the upbuilding of the city. He was a printer by trade and in the early days of its existence secured control of the Little Falls Transcript and continued its publication until the present time, the paper having been enlarged and made a daily publication under his skillful management and at the present time it is one of the influential newspapers of northern Minnesota. During Mr. Fuller's career he had represented this district in both branches of the state legislature with credit to himself and to his party and he has always taken an active interest in public affairs, and was at the time of his death postmaster, which was the second time that he had been appointed to that responsible position.

His death removes one of the pioneers in public life from this section of the state, for while Mr. Fuller was yet in early life, being scarcely 50 years of age, he had been identified with the development of the northern part of Minnesota and its advancement for many years. Those who knew him intimately will vouch for the statement that he was a true friend in every sense of the word and fought for what he thought was right. Mr. Fuller leaves a wife and sister to whom the sympathy of this community goes out in their hour of sorrow.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

Awnings! Awnings! D. M. Clark & Co. 61

Cash paid for potatoes and oats at O'Brien's. 104tf

Prepare for Success at the Little Falls Business College.

Mrs. W. E. Barker is visiting relatives in Mendota, Ill.

The Degree of Honor monthly dance will be given Tuesday, Nov. 3, at Elk's hall. 127t8

Murallo—the sanitary wall finish, in all colors. D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

Remember the Juvenile Band's dance Elk hall tonight.

A. Carlson, the Laurel street saloon keeper, went to the cities this morning on business.

C. G. Osterlund came down from Aitkin yesterday and is visiting relatives and friends for a few days.

The evening school at the Brainerd Business College offers an excellent opportunity for those who wish to take an evening course. 118tf

The party which went to Pequot yesterday to take part in the medal contest returned today, Miss Gladys Daggett proudly wearing the medal. They were entertained by Mesdames Buttolph and Holman, and report a royal good time. The contest was a success financially as well as otherwise.

Two full cords of lath edging delivered to any part of the city for \$5.00. Wm. Wood, office Wise block. Phones, office 187, mill 43. 124t6

Would Mortgage the Farm

A farmer on Rural Route 2, Empire, Ga., W. A. Floyd by name, says: "Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured the two worst sores I ever saw: one on my hand and one on my leg. It is worth more than its weight in gold. I would not be without it if I had to mortgage the farm to get it." Only 25c at H. P. Dunn's drug store. tts

Bryan's election would close many factories.

The candidate for president "whose record would make returning confidence and prosperity impossible"—that is an instantaneous verbal photograph of Bryan, and the artist is Judge Taft.

Vote for Taft, progress, protection and prosperity.

One characteristic of the record of Judge Taft, both on the bench and in the cabinet, is that the more you drag it into the light the better you like it.

A vote for Bryan means a Tammany ring in Washington.

Statistics show progressive decrease in the number of unemployed in New York state. Republican policies will not permit the willing worker to remain idle.

Where Bullets Flew

David Parker, of Fayette, N. Y., a veteran of the civil war, who lost a foot at Gettysburg, says: "The good Electric Bitters have done is worth more than five hundred dollars to me. I spent much money doctoring for a bad case of stomach trouble, to little purpose. I then tried Electric Bitters, and they cured me. I now take them as a tonic, and they keep me strong and well." 50c. at H. P. Dunn's drug store. tts

QUALITY, QUANTITY

THE BEST OF ONE, THE MOST OF THE OTHER. THESE POINTS SHOULD GOVERN IN BUYING FLOUR.

ROMAN FLOUR

MADE BY

BRAINERD MILLING CO.

Run Down

If your doctor says take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, then take it. If he has any better, then take that.

If you are all run down, easily tired, thin, pale, nervous, go to your doctor. Stop guessing, stop experimenting, go direct to your doctor. Ask his opinion of Ayer's non-alcoholic Sarsaparilla. No alcohol, no stimulation. A blood purifier, a nerve tonic, a strong alternative, an aid to digestion. F. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Unique Theatre

Program for Thursday, Friday and Saturday

ILLUSTRATED SONG
"The Boys in Blue are Turning Gray"
By KATHLEEN GRAHAM

1. The Lonely Gentleman
2. Captured by Telephone
3. The Uncle Fortune
4. The Daughter's honesty

Show will start prompt at 7:30 P. M. hereafter, instead of 8:00 P. M.

Send Your Curtains

To the

New Steam Laundry

Wm. Nelson, Prop.



Copyright 1908. The House of Kuppenheimer, Chicago.

OVERCOAT "luck" used to be proverbial. The man took chances. The tailor or clothier took his money. Maybe the money proved to be well invested. Maybe not. We have eliminated the gamble. We offer Kuppenheimer coats, and give you security for satisfaction.

They are absolutely correct in style, for the manufacturers are recognized style leaders. You can prove to yourself in advance their perfection of fit. We personally guarantee their quality.

Plenty of styles to suit every taste.

The two young fellows in the illustration are wearing two of the most vigorous styles in young men's garments made by The House of Kuppenheimer.

Snappy Caps and Nifty Gloves, something different from the ordinary kind. Your Winter Outfit should come from the best store. You will feel dressed right.

H. W. Linnemann

616 Front Street

TRUST FAVORED AT PEOPLE'S EXPENSE!

Democracy Reduces Assessment of Iron Properties \$11,000,000, and Increases Valuation of Farms and Furniture.

WOULD VETO TONNAGE TAX

This is What Governor Said at Duluth—Yet His Party Platform Recommends It and So Did He to Last Legislature.

Just where Gov. Johnson is "at" on the subject of taxation is pretty hard to ascertain from his past and present record. Early in the present campaign, while touring in Southern Minnesota, he told the farmers of that flourishing agricultural district how he had decreased their taxes by adding many millions through his state board of equalization to the assessed valuation of the properties of the United States Steel corporation, commonly known as the steel trust, in Northern Minnesota.

He has recently completed a trip to Duluth and other Northern Minnesota points, where the steel interests are predominant, and where, to a large extent, the development of the iron ore and steel industry means the development of that part of the state. At these points he has astonished the people by telling them he never was in favor of a tonnage tax on ore; that he did not desire to do anything which would add a burden to the iron ore and steel industries. Let us see how the record of his own career, and that of his party, bears out his recent statements.

The Duluth News-Tribune of recent date quotes his speech in that city in part, as follows: "The governor took up the tonnage tax question, and was armed with a large quantity of official records and statistics to prove that he was right on that much discussed question. He said that when he was elected the first time he was pledged to investigate and make some effort toward more satisfactory taxation. The governor traced the history of the taxation of iron ore, and said that the News-Tribune had described him as an enemy of the iron country as he STOOD FOR A TONNAGE TAX ON THE MINERAL."

Johnson Against Tonnage Tax.

"On the contrary," said the governor, "I suggested a royalty tax, and at no time was I in favor of any system of taxation that would take away the iron country, or any other district a liberal and continuous source of revenue for local purposes. I would not deprive Hibbing, Duluth, or any other place in St. Louis county, of anything to which it is justly entitled. AND IF I AM ELECTED I SHALL VETO ANY LAW THAT PROPOSES TO TAKE AWAY FROM ANY PLACE THE RIGHTS WHICH IT ENJOYS."

The governor then proceeded in an attempt to prove that Jacobson had been favorable to a tonnage tax law. Thus Gov. Johnson repudiates the Democratic state platform on which he stands. That platform declares for the tonnage tax in the following unmitigated words:

"Johnson and His Friends at Ours. We call the attention of the voters to the fact that there will be no tonnage tax at the next election, and we call to the constituents calling for the subject of taxation, that the amendment it will open up a new and better tonnage tax, and that the steel trust is at this time trying to have declared invalid a similar amendment voted upon and carried at the last election. We recommend the adoption of such an amendment to the end that these interests may be required to bear their just share of public burdens."

In declaring that he is now opposed to, and would veto a tonnage tax bill, Gov. Johnson evidently forgets his inaugural message of 1907, in which he told the legislature:

Johnson Two Years Ago.

"INASMUCH AS THE TONNAGE OF ORE SHIPPED IS THE BASIS FOR COMPUTING THE ROYALTIES ON LEASED PROPERTIES, IT IS POSSIBLE THAT YOU MAY BE ABLE TO DEVISE A PRACTICABLE AND LAWFUL METHOD OF COMPUTING ROYALTY TAXES, USING TONNAGE AS THE BASIS OF COMPUTATION."

"A royalty tax, were the total there-of equivalent to 5 cents per ton on the present tonnage of 25,000,000 tons shipped from Minnesota mines in 1906, would net \$1,250,000, or something exceed the present tax revenue derived from direct taxation of tangible property."

J. F. JACOBSON AND DRAINAGE

Republican Nominee for Governor Has Always Stood for Drainage and Development of Waste Lands.

The Democratic state central committee has published and circulated quite generally throughout the state a pamphlet violently assailing Mr. Jacobson's record on drainage legislation. As usual, they have distorted and misstated the facts.

The statement is true that Mr. Jacobson voted against Senate File No. 211, which was general drainage act, but if the Democratic committee had intended to be at all fair it would have stated in its pamphlet that Gov. Johnson, when he was a state senator, also voted against the same measure. (See Senate Journal, page 594, March 21, 1899.) The only difference between the record of Representative Jacobson and that of Senator Johnson is that Mr. Jacobson had the courage to state his objections to the measure, while Gov. Johnson, following his usual policy of evasion, has remained silent upon the subject to this day. We call attention to this willful omission on the part of the opposition only to show that it has no disposition to treat Mr. Jacobson fairly in this or in any of the other criticism which has been aimed at this greatest friend the people of Minnesota ever had in the state legislature.

Mr. Jacobson's objection to this measure was that the members of the legislature from the north, who were in favor of this bill, thought it necessary to go into a combination with other members of the legislature who sought to take some \$2,000,000 from the state treasury for other purposes than drainage.

The friends of the drainage measure, which was a good one, have long since seen their mistake, and are now willing to admit it.

Two years later when House File No. 131 was introduced, Mr. Jacobson worked for and voted for the measure, because it stood upon its own merits, and its supporters had not entered into any entangling alliances with other interests, and the bill became a law. This is the present drainage law of Minnesota. In this matter the Democratic state also failed to make mention of Mr. Jacobson's support, again showing a studied design upon their part to misrepresent the present Republican candidate for governor. The defeat of the measure in 1899 did not kill the policy of drainage, but simply delayed the enactment of the law for two years. Mr. Jacobson believed, and all fair-minded men who have taken pains to look into the matter agree with him, that the defeat of the 1899 bill was absolutely necessary in order that other rights of the people might be protected.

At the time when the first drainage bill was under consideration, Mr. Jacobson had his eye on the state treasury, and was not willing to allow the interests of the people to be sacrificed at the hands of any combination, and he notified the friends of drainage in advance that if they did not desist in their support of these other combinations he would defeat the entire plan because he felt obliged to do so. He did defeat the whole combination, and this is the only time that Mr. Jacobson has been known to lift his voice against any drainage measure of general application.

Of course, innumerable bills have been introduced from time to time in the legislature during Mr. Jacobson's long term of service, which called for the drainage of some particular spot or territory, and which would often be the pet measure of some private land owner or owners rather than one of general benefit. As to these measures, Mr. Jacobson was always known to care for the interests of the general public rather than for the pocketbook of some individual who sought to use the people's money for his own private end, and in so doing he performed a greater service for the real friends of drainage and state development than could have been done by supporting the pet measures that were introduced.

Mr. Jacobson did not uphold the drainage of one county at the expense of another, nor did he believe in taxing the smaller land owners for the purpose of improving the lands of speculators and railroads.

It is hoped that every real friend of drainage will study carefully the record of Mr. Jacobson on this subject, and not be misled by deceitful representations of unscrupulous politicians. One can readily see from what has already been said that the sole purpose and design of sending out pamphlets which do not tell the whole truth is to mislead the voters.

When the idea of draining, developing and reclaiming public lands in Northern Minnesota came first to be recognized as a sound policy, the large speculators tried for a few years to get their hands into the state treasury, and would have succeeded in so doing had it not been for the watchfulness of Mr. Jacobson, who was always able to detect the difference between a genuine drainage act and a bill to benefit only special interests at the expense of the people.

We can think of no better illustration of the great benefit that Mr. Jacobson has been to the people of the state than to call attention to the circular of misrepresentation which the opposition has put out, wherein it is clearly shown that Mr. Jacobson never failed to detect the wrong, and the scheming politicians never before performed a service for Mr. Jacobson, than they have done so by this act.

We call special attention to the fact that more than one-half of the service of a good legislator is to kill off unfair measures, and the circular which has been sent out through the northern part of the state misrepresenting his attitude upon drainage matters is the most vicious attack ever made upon this one great friend of the farmers.

Mr. Jacobson stands upon his record in drainage as well as in other matters, but the opposition ought to be fair enough not to attempt to fool the voters by misstating that record and suppressing the record of their own candidate.

PERTINENT INQUIRIES

Put Up to the Organ of the Democratic Chairman by the Fairmont Independent.

The Fairmont Independent puts some very pertinent things up to the organ of the Democratic state chairman, published in the same town, Fairmont.

Says the Independent:

Allow us to ask the organ of the chairman of the Democratic state committee if they can show one thing in the long years of service of Mr. Jacobson in the state legislature where he did not stand up for the rights of the people and combat the railroads, the trusts and combines.

Has not the Democratic governor and now candidate for re-election ridden on railroad passes?

How about the chairman of the state Democratic committee and the other campaign managers?

Will they deny riding on railroad passes?

What about the assessment of the iron mines and the steel trust?

Will this Democratic organ deny that Gov. Johnson favored them in their assessment and forced an issue and a showdown with the state board of equalization, the majority of whom were his own appointees,

antagonizing the votes of members of his own appointment like that honorable, upright, Democratic member Thomas Meighen of Fillmore county, and others?

Will that paper deny that Gov. Johnson at the time of his election as governor was a county editor without much financial means, and that during the second term they asked to have his salary raised, making the claim that it was not sufficient to pay his living and other expenses attendant upon the duties of that office?

How then has the governor been able to make frequent trips East, West and South in the company of the wealthy, affluent, the stylish, and the "four hundred" of the country?

Will they tell who paid for article after article lauding and applauding his acts that have appeared in magazines and publications all over the land, which magazines never publish unless remunerative pay is given them?

Further, how that headquarters were established in New York, Washington, Philadelphia, Chicago and in southern states to boom his candidacy for the presidency?

Who paid for special trains that were run and the army of rooters and howlers sent to Denver and kept there nearly one week; with their brass bands which they had taken from the Twin Cities, and the uniforms of the marching clubs that attempted to dazzle and stampede the Democratic hosts assembled in Denver?

Where did all this money come from? Will the Democratic organ further show one thing where Gov. Johnson's administration has antagonized the lumber trusts, steel trust, coal trust, the railroads or liquor interests?

Will they account for this, that two years ago he got the prohibition and the temperance vote, and the liquor votes, and explain why ten days before election orders were issued from liquor headquarters and sent all over the state to vote for Johnson, and how the portraits of Cole were taken from every saloon and those of Johnson substituted?

Will they explain why, while the Republican central committee at that time and up to the present time have been saying nice things about the Democratic candidate, the knife is being driven to the hilt with innuendoes, insinuations against candidate Jacobson?

The "Independent Democrat."

Franklin Tribune: Kind sir, have you ever come into contact with a real flesh-and-blood independent Democrat?

If you have you should report your find to some society interested in rare old curios.

If the species ever existed we fear it has passed with the mammoth and dodo—become extinct.

True, you will fall into conversation, frequently, with a Democrat who will just rave with affection over an independent Republican, and who will tell you that he cares nothing for party—is not a bit orthodox.

Glance at the lapel of this fellow's coat, and you behold a huge Bryan badge and below it the suave and pleasant Johnson profile.

Warm up to the subject of county politics, and you will find that he would always remember you with gratitude if you would be liberal enough to vote for the two or three Democrats on the county ballot.

What did he do? Glance at the record of his vicious attack ever made upon this one great friend of the farmers.

Mr. Jacobson stands upon his record in drainage as well as in other matters, but the opposition ought to be fair enough not to attempt to fool the voters by misstating that record and suppressing the record of their own candidate.

Democratic Board Repudiates Democracy.

Nor is this the only repudiation of the Democratic platform made by Democrats this fall on the subject of tonnage tax. The state board of equalization, now thoroughly Democratic, on Oct. 10 last, by a vote of 12 to 5, turned down a resolution introduced by Thomas Meighen of Preston, which resolution recommended the passage of a tonnage tax law to the next legislature.

Gov. Johnson, although a member of this board, failed to be present at the important session when this resolution was considered.

There is no question as to whether Gov. Johnson was in the Twin Cities that day. He spoke to a large political gathering in Minneapolis the same evening.

He could have been present if he so desired.

Steel Trust Favored at Expense of People.

Gov. Johnson was also absent from the meeting of the board a short time before, when the assessment of the steel trust properties in Northern Minnesota were reduced \$11,000,000.

This reduction he fails to mention in any of his campaign speeches.

He also neglects to tell how this Democratic board, for which he loves to be sponsor, has increased the assessed valuation of farm lands in many of the counties of the state; and how this same board has greatly increased the assessments of household furniture.

Why did he permit the board to reduce the assessment of iron properties from \$190,000,000 to \$179,000,000, and try to hold up the state tax rolls by increasing the taxable valuation of farm acres and household furniture?

Consultation with the books of the state board of equalization shows valuation of farm lands was increased as follows:

Increase in Farm Land Assessments.

County.	Per Cent.
Aitkin	.10
Bemidji	.15
Brown	5
Carver	.10
Chippewa	.10
Clay	5
Cottonwood	.10
Douglas	.15
Freeborn	.10
Hubbard	.10
Kanabec	.10
Kandiyohi	.10
Lac qui Parle	.10
Mille Lacs	5
Morrison	.25
Murray	.15
Otter Tail	.33 1-3
Polk	.20
Scott	.10
Sibley	.25
Swift	.20
Todd	.10
Wabasha	5
Wadena	5
Waseca	5

The assessments on household furniture were increased in still greater proportions, as follows:

Increase in Household Taxes.

County.	Per Cent.
Aitkin	.50
Becker	.15
Benton	.50
Chippewa	.25
Cottonwood	.50
Dakota	.10
Douglas	.25
Faribault	5
Fillmore	.10
Grant	.50
Kanabec	.60
Kittson	.20
Lac qui Parle	.10
Lincoln	.10
Marshall	.15
Martin	.15
Mille Lacs	.40
Murray	.25
Norman	.10
Otter Tail	.60
Pine	.20
Pipistone	.33 1-3
Red Lake	.60
Sibley	5
Swift	.20
Todd	.20
Wadena	.33 1-3
Waseca	.10
Watson	.20
Yellow Medicine	.15

Pertinent Question for Voters.

Has Gov. Johnson's Democratic state board of equalization gained anything, politically or otherwise, by shouldering a great load of taxation on the farmers and humble householders throughout the state, and catering to the great, wealthy steel interests by reducing their assessed valuation \$11,000,000?

The question is one for the people to answer at the polls the coming Nov. 3d!

WHAT DO YOU THINK ABOUT IT?

During his recent trip through the Iron Range country Gov. J. A. Johnson was introduced everywhere he spoke, either by an attorney or official of the steel trust.

And yet Democracy insinuates that Mr. Jacobson represents the "interests;" is a different Jacobson than when he was in the legislature.

Let the facts speak for themselves!

CONGRESS COPIED JACOBSON'S IDEA

The Jacobson "Wye Law," Word for Word

A Surprise in Store—

When you first try the most tempting—savory—fine flavored of all sea food

"Sealshipt" Oysters



Don't associate them with oysters you commonly buy. "Sealshipt" are packed without water in sealed, air-tight, steel containers. "Sealshipt" Carriers keep the oysters fresh and firm—not water-soaked. They retain all the incomparable tang of the sea.

You can't get enough of "Sealshipt." More than a surprise—a revelation.

Every housewife will want a copy of "Sealshipt Sense" with the dainty new oyster recipes—The following "Sealshipt" dealers will give you a copy:

H. H. Baker and C. W. Koering



The genuine "Sealshipt" Oysters are always sold from a White Porcelain Display Case bearing the "Sealshipt" trade mark in blue. This is for your protection—look for it. The "Sealshipt" Carrier System is patented. Infringements will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

NATIONAL OYSTER CARRIER COMPANY

South Norwalk, Connecticut.

Big Public Ownership Party Meeting

At Gardner's Hall, Monday Evening, Nov. 2, at 8 P. M.

WALTER THOMAS MILLS

of Seattle, Washington, will lecture

Mr. Mills has just finished a two weeks lecture course in the city of Milwaukee, Wisconsin. There are 22,000 Socialist voters in Milwaukee and they have pronounced Mr. Mills the greatest Socialist Speaker in the world. He is generally termed the Little Giant of the Socialist Movement.

No Admission Everybody welcome Bring your friends

SOUVENIR ENVELOPES

The Dispatch has on hand a number of thousands of envelopes with views of Brainerd printed on them with a space for business card. Order now.

\$2.25 for box of 500—printed

Result of British Free Trade.

The daily dispatches from abroad chronicle the awful misery and destitution, the idleness and poverty and even the degradation and vice which have now overspread Great Britain. For some years following her return to free trade, in 1846, Great Britain was enabled to live upon her capital, and because of the prestige gained in manufacturing and because of her extensive shipping it seemed for awhile as if her new fiscal policy was bound to bring even greater glory to the little kingdom which hoped to be the manufacturing center of the world.

The first result of free trade in Great Britain—the abolition of the corn laws—was the rapid and sure destruction of her agriculture. Then came, as it must always come to every nation that thinks it better to buy food abroad than raise it at home, a lessening to a large degree of the purchasing power of the people and a lessening to that degree of the value of the home market. Then when foreign competitors saw that they could dump their wares into the free ports of England it was not long before English manufacturers saw that they must reduce wages and practice the greatest possible economies in order to compete with their rivals.

Without going into the whole history of the movement it can be said today that our own country has equaled if not exceeded Great Britain in the value of our exports, while Germany and other continental countries are forcing Great Britain not only out of foreign markets, but competing with her own manufacturers at home. The result of this half century of free trade in Great Britain is that today not half the people have work, and it is said that nearly half of the laboring classes in the large cities of England do not know from day to day where their next meal is to come from.

We have for many years read of the awful condition of the English working people. We have read of the way they huddled together and lived in one or two rooms, whole families, without carpet on the floor, without linen on the table and for days without the prospects of even food and with little raiment and no so called luxuries whatever. Thousands and thousands and still other thousands have come to America, and yet the condition of those remaining at home has gone from bad to worse.

Free trade in Great Britain is not only a failure, but it is almost a crime and a result acknowledged by the leading economists at home and abroad, and yet in spite of this result we have

a candidate for the presidency and a party supporting that candidate committed to an economic policy that would bring us to the same condition as the poverty and degradation now so apparent in the mother country. We shall have an opportunity on the 3d of November to show how we feel upon this subject, and if the voters of this country realize what free trade means or what any approach to free trade means to the workers of this nation they will by all means vote for Taft and Sherman and for a Republican house of representatives in the Sixty-first congress.

Western Farmers, Read!

In his letter to Hon. William B. McKinley, setting forth part of the great work done by the Republican administration and congress during the past seven years and showing that William H. Taft as president should have a Republican senate and house to give him loyal support, President Roosevelt declares that the national system of irrigation stands in its line as second only to the homestead law. It may be added for the information of those who have not witnessed the wonderful effects of this great and beneficent work, the appropriations for which the Bryan platform includes in its denunciation as "unnecessary and wasteful," that it has become a most important factor in western development, in the building up of commonwealths and prosperous agricultural communities. The economic value of the work cannot be measured in dollars and cents. Our unoccupied public lands, which belong to all the people, are largely desert. To make them habitable is a national duty too obvious to be questioned. The future prosperity and growth of sixteen western states and territories are linked inseparably with irrigation. The desert reclaimed will support millions in comfort in homes of their own, thus affording relief from the congestion of population in the older settled sections of the country. Conservative engineers estimate that at least 25,000,000 acres of land now desolate and uninhabited will be converted into

small farms under the reclamation law passed by congress six years ago and signed by President Roosevelt. The reclamation service is engaged upon the construction of twenty-five irrigation projects, and large areas have been settled upon and are now producing crops.

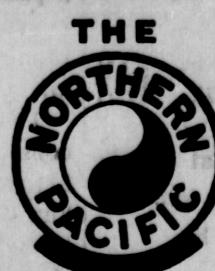
The length of the canals dug up to Jan. 1, 1908, is 1,881 miles, or nearly the distance from New York to Idaho, and some of the canals carry whole rivers. Great dams have been con-

FOOTBALL

Wisconsin vs. Minnesota

Northrop Field, Minneapolis

Saturday, November 7th, 1908



Convenient train service to and from Minneapolis and St. Paul permits one to attend this Football Game and leave for home the on same evening. Both teams are in splendid condition and a grand contest is assured.

Travel Via
Northern Pacific Railway

Call on Local Agent for Tickets, etc.

A. M. CLELAND, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul
Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition,
Seattle, Wash., 1909.

structed and wagon roads built, and there have been excavated 42,447,000 cubic yards of earth and rock. Eighteen new towns have been established, a hundred miles of branch railroads have been constructed, and 14,000 people have taken up their residence in what was once a desert.

The work is being pushed with all the energy of which the government is capable and will continue to be pushed by a Republican administration with William H. Taft as president.

As the Bryan platform arraigns the Republican party for incurring "unnecessary and wasteful expense" in this and other undertakings for the benefit of the American people, it is to be assumed that if Bryanism should exceed in the election the great work of irrigating the arid lands of the west would be partly if not wholly abandoned. All signs, however, indicate that Taft and Sherman will have a majority in November overwhelming enough to set at rest any apprehension that the sixteen western states and

territories which depend so largely on irrigation for their prosperity will be made to suffer from the Bryanite blight and all the calamity Bryanism would bring upon those states and the nation at large.

It is becoming more and more apparent that the vote of organized labor will be cast as individually this year as in any year. It will not be cast as a single ballot. And the individual members of the unions have shown that they understand which is the party whose policies protect American wages and the American standard of living.

Do you think Bryan's close political friends would make a good cabinet?

It is superfluous to prove that as Bryan was for free silver so he is now, though secretly, for the fifty cent dollar. But the knowledge may help contributions in real money from the silver mine owners to the Democratic campaign fund.

Great Profit-Sharing System

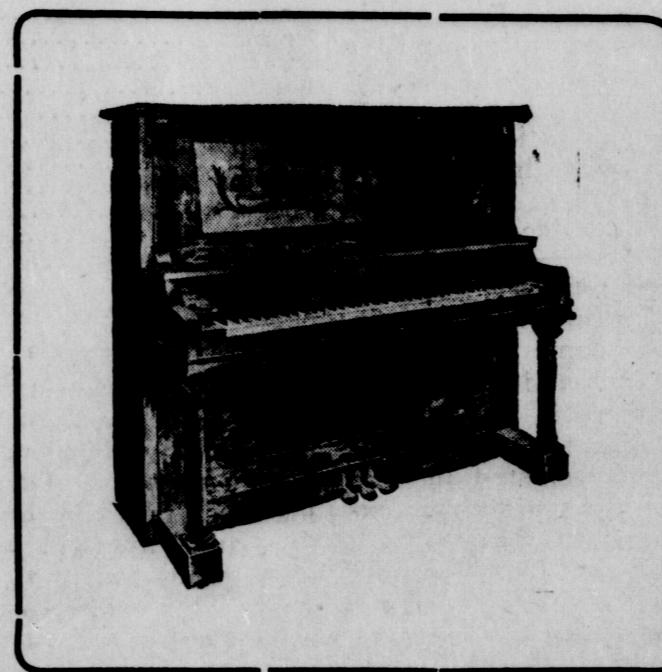
We have thought of a plan whereby we can sell pianos at a saving of 20% from our net card prices, giving our customers the benefit of the saving in the cost of selling. This is a form of a

PIANO BUYER'S CLUB

Has it ever occurred to you

That the selling of thirty pianos thru our Piano Buyer's Club means a heavy saving in expense to us? We are therefore introducing our Profit-Sharing System in the form of our Piano Buyer's Club, so that

Our Friends and Customers Can Reap Their Share of Profits



We represent more than 22

Different Piano Manufacturers and have in stock, at all times, over two hundred New Pianos of the latest styles and models to select from.

20 Per Cent Saved

If you purchase a piano from us at any time between October 15th and November 5th, 1908.

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STONE PIANO CO.

CAPITAL STOCK \$250,000.00

(INCOPORATED)

ESTABLISHED 1894

FARGO, NORTH DAKOTA

LINDBERGH HELD ROUSING MEETING

Republican Congressman Dis-
cussed Political Issues at
Opera House

HE DISCUSSED NATIONAL ISSUES

And Urged All Good Republicans
to Stand by Entire Ticket
Next Tuesday

Congressman C. A. Lindbergh was greeted by a full house Friday evening when he arose in the opera house to address the voters of Brainerd on the political issues of the day. In addition to a good sized crowd of Brainerdites about 200 came up from Little Falls on a special train which arrived here at 8:15. Mr. Lindbergh was introduced by Mayor Wise, who presided at the meeting, in a few well chosen words.

Mr. Lindbergh was greeted with hearty applause when he arose, and he plunged at once into the subject before him with few preliminary remarks. He commenced by recalling some of Bryan's predictions in the past, emphasizing the fact that Bryan admitted that the democratic times of 1896 were hard times, and then called the attention of the audience to the fact that Bryan's predictions of a continuation unless he was elected, proved false.

He also took up the question of social unrest caused by the growth of combinations in the period of prosperity following the civil war. That these combinations were permitted to exist was, he said, not because the republican party favored them, but because the American people, at that time, were, regardless of party, opposed to any governmental interference with private affairs. At that time the prevailing sentiment was for the least possible government. The republican party, he said, had proceeded in this respect as fast as the people would support them.

Regarding the tariff he declared that at the time the Dingley schedule was put in force it was fitted to the needs of the people, but that today it needed revising and the republican party would revise it. The democratic panic, 1893-6, he described as both a financial and industrial panic. The panic of 1907 he declared was purely financial, and no industrial enterprise suffered except incidentally. He called special attention to the fact that during the recent flurry there had been no fall in the prices of the products of labor, while in the panic of 1893 and the years following farm products and manufactured goods had fallen far below the cost of production.

Mr. Lindbergh dwelt at length on the record of Jacob F. Jacobson, the republican nominee for governor, and urged all republicans to stand by the ticket.

Mr. Lindbergh, who came up from Little Falls on the noon train, held an informal reception in the Ransford hotel lobby before the meeting and was introduced to many of the local business men.

Congressman Lindbergh went to Deerwood this afternoon accompanied by a party of Brainerd republicans and will hold a republican rally at that place tonight. Hon. B. F. Wright, republican candidate for district judge, accompanied the party. E. A. Kling, of Little Falls, republican nominee for the legislature, came up from there today and also accompanied the party.

East Brainerd Bridge Needs Immedi- ate Repairing

TO THE EDITOR DAILY DISPATCH:

The East Brainerd bridge is in dangerous condition and needs immediate repairing. The walk on the bridge is full of holes, many of them large enough to admit a man's foot. The railings on both sides are in bad shape. On the walk side, that is the north side of the bridge, at least 70 feet of the lower part of the railing is missing, while the other side has about 30 feet missing.

The city is now defendant in a damage suit in which it is alleged defective sidewalk was the cause of some person's injury. Anybody is liable to trip on this defective walk. If he sticks in any one of the 50 holes, we counted them all, he is good for a sprained ankle. If the trap does not hold him he is liable to roll through the damaged railing and off the bridge.

If it is cheaper for the city to fight damage suits than repair bridges, why let things go as they are? If the city hasn't enough money to repair the bridge, then protect the tax payers by closing it. Don't wait until somebody breaks his leg or falls through or off the bridge.

JOHN A. HOFFBAUER.

Oct. 30, 1908.

A Healthy Family

"Our whole family has enjoyed good health since we began using Dr. King's New Life Pills, three years ago," says L. A. Bartlett, of Rural Route 1, Guilford, Maine. They cleanse and tone the system in a gentle way that does you good 25¢ at H. P. Dunn's drug store.

TOWERS CASE ARGUED

Brainerd Man Convicted of Third Degree Murder Appeals to Supreme Court

Minneapolis Journal: The appeal of Henry Towers, convicted of murder in the third degree and sentenced to twenty-five years in state's prison as the result of the killing of Albert Hagadorn at Brainerd on Christmas day, 1906, was up for hearing before the supreme court today. Towers was attacked in a saloon by Hagadorn, and after the assault he went home, procured a shotgun and fired it at his victim, who died several days later.

TWO FOOT BALL GAMES TODAY

Bemidji Team Meets Brainerd High School Team on the McKay Grounds Today

JUNIORS ALSO HAVE A GAME
Second Aitkin High School Team Came Down and Beat the Brainerd Boys

FIRS HALF
Brainerd.....0
Bemidji.....0
FINAL SCORE

Brainerd.....0
Bemidji.....0

The football fan is in his element this afternoon. Two games were scheduled to be pulled off at the McKay grounds this afternoon. The principal interest centers in the game between the Brainerd Highs and the Bemidji Highs. Both teams have a good record, Brainerd not having been beaten yet this season. There was a good crowd of rooters came down with the Bemidji team; and a lively game is certain. The following is the lineup of the teams:

Brainerd	Bemidji
Hahood	Brennemann
O'Connors	Hundrum
Jeffers	McDonald
Mahlum	Boyer
Barron	C. Gould
Cullen	D. Gould
Ousdahl	Kruse
Horn	Kretz
Carlson	Gill
Alderman	Stanton
Parker	Hoffman

Before the main event of the afternoon the Aitkin Juniors met the Brainerd Juniors on the same field with the following lineup:

Brainerd	Aitkin
C. Slipp	Sweetman
McQuillin	Bannerman
L. Slipp	Hall
K. Smith	Kelly
Day	L. Clifff
Brown	M. Clifff
Taylor	McKane
Purdy	Peterberg
L. Smith	Barlow
Koop	Slow
Bush	Clary

This game resulted in the defeat of Brainerd Juniors 10 to 0.

BOUND OVER FOR PULLING A GUN

George Cominsky Said to Have to Have Threatened Frank Petrie Friday Night

WOULD NOT DRINK WITH HIM

Cominsky Wanted to Buy Booze for Petrie But Latter Would Not Have It

George Cominsky, who claims Minneapolis as his place of residence, is languishing in the county bastile awaiting the action of the grand jury all because Frank Petrie would not drink with him.

According to the story told by Petrie, Cominsky came into Jerry Crowley's saloon between seven and eight o'clock Friday evening and accosting Petrie wanting him to drink with him. Petrie was not dry just at that time and refused, whereupon Cominsky pulled the gun, a 38 calibre revolver, and flourished it in a dangerous manner.

Cominsky, when in court today demanded a hearing, and after listening to the evidence of Petrie and the story of Cominsky, Judge Allbright held the latter to the grand jury. According to the story told by Cominsky, who drifted into town from Minneapolis via Wadena, he had been drinking and thought some strangers drinking with him were trying to rob him. He went to a local hardware store and bought a gun, and afterwards, while still under the influence of liquor went into the saloon where the trouble with Petrie occurred.

Are You Looking for a Pudding?

Most people are, and D-Zerta Quick Pudding is the only quick dessert that delights and satisfies every housekeeper and the entire family. Every package guaranteed under the Pure Food Laws. Try a package of D-Zerta Pudding today from your grocer, and you will buy often and tell your friends. Various flavors at all grocers, 10¢ Order to-day.

INJURED MAN IS A LITTLE BETTER

John McDonald, Jr., who was Stabbed at Staples is in Critical Condition

HE WAS CUT FOUR TIMES
Burglar Saw Him First and Tackled Him---Two Blows Penetrating Lungs

John McDonald, Jr., who was stabbed by a burglar in his home at Staples Friday morning is reported as a little better this morning but is still in a critical condition. He is at the Northern Pacific hospital and his wife and mother-in-law, Mrs. Julius Ricks, are in the city and spent most of the night at the hospital. With Mrs. McDonald, is also their three months old baby boy. They are staying at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Keene, who cared for the little one during the absence of the mother at the hospital.

The story of the cutting as related by the family is as follows:

Mr. McDonald is a freight conductor on the Northern Pacific railroad, and resides with his wife's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Julius Ricks. He got in early Friday morning from his run and found the door unlocked. Surprised at this he turned on the electric light. The burglar, who was in the shadow so that he did not see him at once tackled him, striking him over the heart twice. A heavy overcoat and coat prevented the dagger from penetrating to the heart. McDonald struck the intruder and the latter clinched, striking him twice in the back, just below the shoulderblade, the weapon penetrating the lungs.

Mr. and Mrs. Ricks, roused by the scuffle, rushed down stairs, but the intruder had torn from Mr. McDonald and fled leaving his victim lying in a pool of blood on the floor.

A physician was called and the wounded man's hurts were dressed and he was brought to this city yesterday afternoon.

No trace, so far as can be learned here, has been found of his assailant. Feeling is strong among the railroad boys, and it is said that it will go hard with him if caught.

Had a Close Call
Mrs. Ada L. Croom, the widely known proprietor of the Croom Hotel, Vaughn, Miss., says: "For seven months I suffered with a severe cough, and consumption seemed to have its grip on me, when a friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery. I began taking it, and three bottles affected a complete cure." The fame of this life saving cough and cold remedy, and lung and throat healer is world wide. Sold at H. P. Dunn's drug store. 50¢ and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

Judge Taft points to the negro citizen the way to recognition through intelligent industry, which is always coupled with political intelligence.

MUSIC AND DRAMA

The Devil

Winnipeg News:—"The Devil," as played at the Walker theatre last night is not nearly so black as he was painted and this was purely (if one may be allowed the use of so paradoxical a word in relation to the devil) owing to the excellent tact of the actor in the part of his satanic majesty. Stevens, who is playing the character in New York, must give a superbly fine performance if it is the superior of Ramsey Wallace, who is playing the sulphurous but seductive gentleman at the Walker.

Mr. Wallace is most ably supported by Miss Elizabeth Murray as Olga Hoffman, the tempted and faithful wife who falls to the insidious suggestions of the Devil, which are merely the promptings of her own evil desires. The play itself is an unpleasant one.

STRAIN TOO GREAT

Hundreds of Brainerd Readers Find Daily Toil a Burden

The hustle and worry of business men,

The hard work and stooping of workers,

The woman's household cares,

Are too great a strain on the kidneys.

Backache, headache, sideache,

Kidney troubles, urinary troubles follow.

A Brainerd citizen tells you how to cure them all.

Mrs. Henry Elling, living at 119 Second Ave., Brainerd, Minn., says: "Off and on for several years my husband was troubled with his back and kidneys. At times it was only an uncomfortable feeling of weakness, and then again his back ached severely. Having been told about Doan's Kidney Pills he purchased a box from H. P. Dunn's drug store and began taking them. Since using this remedy Mr. Elling has ceased to complain of kidney trouble and recommends Doan's Kidney Pills in the highest terms."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

The Right Styles



If you Mr. Clothes Wearer; are not possessed of keen perception, you are likely to be puzzled at the multiplicity of styles shown this fall.

Make sure that your choice is made at the right store. Of the many styles, faddish, semi-faddish and conservative, we can help you find that which is best adapted to your figure, taste and pocket book. Try us.

\$15.00 to \$25.00
is a safe price here



UPSET STOMACH OR DYSPEPSIA

Harmless Anti-Ferment and Digestive Gives Almost Instant Relief

ALL DYSPEPSIA VANISHES

Digests What You Eat Just as a Strong Healthy Stomach Would do it

You haven't catarrh of the stomach, or nervousness, or gastritis, or cancer, etc. Prove this by taking Pape's Diapepsin after your very next meal. Convince yourself within five minutes that your actual disease was sour, acid stomach—food fermentation—that every bite you ate tended to stomach gas, stomach poison and acid, which makes you feel sick and miserable, producing such symptoms as pain in the pit of the stomach, difficulty in breathing after a meal, headaches, belching, heartburn, nauseous breath, water brash, biliousness, sour risings, gas on the stomach and many other bad feelings.

Indigestion is a result, not a cause, of your misery. If the stomach is sour, your food becomes tainted, and that's why you have these stomach disorders.

Ask your pharmacist to show you a case of Pape's Diapepsin, which costs only 50 cents. Read what this effective stomach and digestive treatment contains, and how absolutely harmless it must be; how it does for the stomach what the washing and sun bath do for the churn; absolutely removes every corruption or tainting element, and will digest all the food you can eat.

Go to your druggist and get some Diapepsin now, then eat anything you want at your next meal, and you will not suffer from indigestion or stomach trouble. Each bite of food will taste good, and, besides, you will not need liver regulators to keep your intestines and stomach clean and fresh.

Now and forever rid yourself of the misery of indigestion and stomach trouble. Make your meals a pleasure by going to the table with a healthy appetite.

ITCHING, BLEEDING, AND PROTRUDING PILES can always be relieved and absolutely cured by this ointment that we positively guarantee satisfaction or money refunded.

50 cents a box at all dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase's Medicine Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

NO PROGRAMME ARRANGED

American Officers and Men Wander Aimlessly About in Amoy.

Amoy, China, Oct. 31.—Rear Admiral Emory, commanding the Second squadron of the United States Atlantic fleet, came ashore and made a formal call upon Prince Yu Lang and Liang Tun Yen, vice president of the foreign board, who are representing the imperial government in the welcome to the Americans. Later on 600 men of the fleet and 124 officers landed. No special programme had been arranged for their entertainment and the men spent the time wandering about the temple and the reception ground. The places most frequented by the Americans were the bazaar and the branch of the Young Men's Christian association. The post office and the offices of the money changers were swamped with work and the student interpreters were in constant demand. The illumination of the fleet in the evening was the cause of the greatest wonder and admiration of the Chinese.

Rev. Mr. McLeod Installed

Duluth News-Tribune:—Two Harbors, Oct. 29.—Rev. Mr. McLeod, the new pastor of the Presbyterian church, was installed yesterday, Revs. John G. Lietech, G. A. McGaughey and S. A. Jamison, of Duluth, having charge of the ceremony.

Piles

We are certain that Itching, Bleeding, and Protruding Piles can always be relieved and absolutely cured by this ointment that we positively guarantee satisfaction or money refunded.

50 cents a box at all dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase's Medicine Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment

H. P. Dunn, Druggist

G. D. LaBAR, President
G. W. HOLLAND, Vice President
F. A. FARRAR, Cashier
Geo. H. BROWN, Ass't. Cashier

CAPITAL \$50,000
SURPLUS \$50,000

FIRST
NATIONAL
BANK

BRAINERD, MINN.
ESTABLISHED-1881

Interest paid on
Time and Savings Deposits.

Your Banking Business Solicited

The head of the Longshoremen's union is for Taft for the plain reason that Taft has proved himself the steadfast friend of organized labor.

DR. JOSEPH NICHOLSON

Where the finest biscuit,
cake, hot-breads, crusts
or puddings are required
Royal is indispensable.

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure

Not only for rich or fine food
or for special times or service.
Royal is equally valuable in the
preparation of plain, substantial,
every-day foods, for all occasions.
It makes the food more
tasty, nutritious and wholesome

AGAINST NIGHT RIDERS.

Governor Patterson Says He Has
Plenty of Evidence.

Camp Nemo, Reelfoot Lake, Tenn. Oct. 31.—"We know who fired the shots and who put the rope around Rankin's neck," said Governor Patterson in a statement just issued. "The proof which has thus far developed is positive as to the guilt of some of the men under arrest and implicates many others. This will all be presented to the court at the proper time and a long step has been taken to discover and suppress lawlessness in this region. Conditions have been extremely bad, the night riders going from one lawless act to another until the culmination came with the murder of Captain Rankin and the attempted murder of Colonel Taylor. The number of men actually at the killing was probably not more than ten, while some stood guard and others held the horses. The whole number engaged in the undertaking did not exceed thirty-five. The inquiry will be further prosecuted and the state will have ample evidence to convict."

It is learned that Frank Ferriner's confession was full and complete; that he says he was with the men who took Rankin and Taylor to the bank of the slough; that he told the name of the man who pulled the rope lifting the mob's victim into the air; and the name of the man who fired the first shot into Rankin's body. The confessions of Ferriner, Hogg and Morris substantiate, it is said, that of Tid Burton.

Three more prisoners have been brought in.

The next visit of
Dr. N. W. Wilken
of Moorhead
to this City will be
Nov. 12th and 13th
at National Hotel

CAMPAIGN EXPENDITURES.

Democratic Party Cannot Claim Unsullied Virtue as to Source of Its Revenues.

(From Gov. Hughes' Youngstown Speech.)

"Mr. Bryan also has much to say with regard to corrupt practices and campaign expenditures. But he omits to give due credit to the Republican party for what it has accomplished with regard to these important reforms, an accomplishment the more noteworthy in the light of Mr. Bryan's reiterated criticisms of contributions to Republican campaign funds. In the State of New York a Republican Legislature in 1908 passed a statute prohibiting corporations from making any political contributions directly or indirectly, and providing that officers, directors or stockholders participating in or consenting to the violation of the law should be guilty of a criminal offense. And I know of no more drastic statute in this country with regard to the publicity of campaign contributions and for the prevention of corrupt practices than that passed in New York under Republican auspices. These were not promises of an opposition party seeking power, but enactments by a party in power securing genuine reforms. Proper recognition must, of course, be given to the patriotic Democrats who supported these reforms, but they were enacted by a Republican administration. Congress has also legislated against political contributions by corporations. Purity of elections and free opportunity for the uncorrupted expression of the popular will lie at the foundation of every reform and cannot be too carefully safeguarded. And there should be federal legislation securing proper publicity of and accounting for campaign contributions in connection with federal elections. But it must fairly be recognized that the skirts of neither party have been clean. If we search Mr. Bryan's following we shall find not a few who have sinned, and also those who, if we may judge from their local activities, are still unrepentant. The Democratic party cannot claim unsullied virtue either with regard to the source of its revenues or its readiness to receive them."

Mr. Bryan apparently would rather be wrong than be president.

DENUNCIATION OF PLUTOCRATS

Feature of Bryan's Addresses
in Cleveland, O.

ROCKEFELLER AND CARNegie

Severely Scored by the Democratic Presidential Candidate—President Roosevelt, Judge Taft and Secretary Root Also Criticised by the Nebraskans—Appeals to Laboring Men to Support the Democratic Ticket.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 31.—Heaping denunciation upon the heads of John D. Rockefeller, Andrew Carnegie, President Roosevelt and Mr. Taft, his Republican opponent, because, he charged, of their connection or sympathies with the trusts, William J. Bryan in this city brought to a close another strenuous day of campaigning. The principal meeting was held in the big Central armory, while a second audience was addressed at Gray's armory. Later the candidate spoke to the street crowds from the balcony of the Hollenden hotel. The arrival of the candidate at the armory was heralded by a great throng outside and their cheers were taken up by those on the inside, who broke out into a frenzy of applause when he made his appearance on the platform. Mr. Bryan apparently was at his best, his voice carrying to every corner of the building, and he spoke with vigor and earnestness.

Launching at once into the issues of the campaign, the Democratic candidate discussed the Democratic platform, laying great stress on the planks relating to the guaranteeing of bank deposits, publicity of campaign contributions and the trusts. The two latter topics furnished him the themes for his attacks on the financiers, the president and Mr. Taft. The Standard Oil company and the steel trust, through Messrs. Rockefeller and Carnegie, were credited with furnishing the funds for the Republican campaign.

Appeals to Laboring Men.

Earlier in the day Mr. Bryan gave out a statement of his views regarding the declarations of the two financiers that they were supporting the Republican candidate, and this statement was practically embodied in Mr. Bryan's speeches here. He also emphasized the labor planks of the Denver platform and made an appeal for the laboring men to stand together and support the national Democratic ticket if they expected the remedial legislation they desired.

Not content with his strictures upon those named, Mr. Bryan had something to say about Secretary Root, who is credited with having stated that Mr. Bryan's election would be a menace to the country.

"I see Mr. Root has made an argument against the election of senators by the people," he remarked. "I am not surprised. No man in public life has more reason to fear an election at which the people vote."

"He also thinks my election would be a menace to the country. That is not surprising. He began his legal career with a defense of Boss Tweed and has been so intimately associated with the big law-breakers ever since that he would naturally resent the Democratic idea of enforcing the law impartially against offenders."

SHERCLIFFE ARRESTED.

Alleged Murderer and Robber Caught in Tennessee.

Knoxville, Tenn., Oct. 31.—After a hard struggle, two policemen arrested a stranger here, believed to be Frank Shercliff, alias S. W. Morris, who is wanted on the charge of robbery of a Pullman car on the Great Northern road near Minneapolis in April last, and also on the charge of murder. When searched, the prisoner had on his person a pistol, \$600 in gold secreted in one sleeve, and other money.

It is supposed here that the murder charge is the one on which Shercliff is wanted at Des Moines, to which place he agreed to go without requisition papers.

KILLED BY A ROBBER.

Wisconsin Man Shot Dead in Pool Hall Near Duluth.

Duluth, Oct. 31.—John M. Connolly, a fireman on the Mesabi road, was murdered in a pool hall at Proctor Knott, a suburb of Duluth, by robbers. They tried to hold up the crowd. Thinking them jokers, Connolly approached one of them as if to disarm him, and the outlaw shot him through the heart. Both robbers escaped. Connolly's home is at New Richmond, Wis.

Vessels Driven to Shelter.

Chatham, Mass., Oct. 31.—Driven to shelter from the northeast gale which swept the New England coast, five big steamers of various coast lines are still at anchor off here. Although the gale has shifted to the northwest, clearing away the fog and smoothing the sea to some extent, the conditions are still so bad that none of the captains care to leave their anchorages. None of the vessels is in danger.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF TRADE

Unsettled Weather and Pre-Election Quiet Affect Business.

New York, Oct. 31.—Bradstreet's review of trade says unsettled weather and pre-election quiet are in evidence this week, as affecting trade at a great many cities. Except at Chicago and New York, where some good business has been done in wholesale lines for spring, first and second hand distribution has been confined to filling in and immediate shipment proportions. Current distribution as a whole is still reported below last year at the corresponding date, except at a few points in the Northwest. Perhaps the most active line at wholesale is that of cotton goods for spring. The clothing trade is rather quiet as a whole, being affected by past prevailing weather, but men's wear woolen reorders for spring are reported better, and there has been the largest week's business in raw wool done this year at Boston. There is a better tone in the footwear trade, rainy weather having helped. Eastern manufacturers, however, report medium and low priced goods most in demand. Industry is fairly well employed, though the low stage of water in streams affects manufacturing from the Alleghenies eastward to the coast, especially in coke-making, coal mining and paper and textile manufacturing. Pig iron is quiet and weaker at Pittsburgh but more active at Eastern markets and mild weather restricts demand for coal the country over.

COLLISION OF CARS.

Results in Serious Injury to Five Persons.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 31.—With the draw of the Superior avenue viaduct open a Denison and Central avenue street car crashed into a Payne and Bridge avenue car, tossing the passengers about with great force and injuring five seriously, while four score or more received painful hurts in the panic that followed. The seriously injured are:

Charles McDonald, Burt Cochran, John L. Fowles, Jr., T. W. Kaliski and Max Dephs.

Only the fact that the Payne avenue car, which had stopped within forty feet of the open draw, had the brakes tightly set prevented both cars from being hurled into the river.

Two Killed by a Car.

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 31.—Mrs. LeRoy T. Wood, aged sixty-eight years, and William F. Gamble, sixty-four years old, two of Montgomery county's best known residents, were killed by an interurban car while crossing the tracks in a buggy.

Articles of Incorporation of La Providence Mining Company

The undersigned, for the purpose of forming a corporation under Sections 3070 and 3071 inclusive of Chapter 58, of the Revised Statutes of 1905 of the State of Minnesota and all laws amendatory thereof and supplemental and additional thereto, do hereby agree upon and adopt the following articles, to-wit:

ARTICLE 1

The name of this corporation shall be La Providence Mining Company.

ARTICLE 2

The general nature of its business shall be mining, smelting, reducing, refining, or working ores or minerals; for working coal mines or stone quarries, working, or working selling or dealing in mineral lands, other lands, and all material found therein or therein, and all other things incident thereto. This corporation may acquire and hold stock in any other corporation if a majority in amount of the stockholders agree thereto and such agreement may be by a resolution signed as hereinafter provided.

ARTICLE 3

The place of the principal office or headquarters of the company shall be Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

ARTICLE 4

The term for which this corporation is organized is thirty [30] years.

ARTICLE 5

The names and places of residence of the persons so associated to form such corporation are as follows:

William D. McKay, Brainerd, Minnesota. George D. LaBar, Brainerd, Minnesota. Fred A. Farrar, Brainerd, Minnesota. George W. Holland, Brainerd, Minnesota. Leon E. Lum, Duluth, Minnesota. Henry S. McKay, Cananea, Sonora, Mexico.

ARTICLE 6

The names of the first board of directors shall be William D. McKay, of Brainerd, Minnesota. George D. LaBar, of Brainerd, Minnesota. Fred A. Farrar, of Brainerd, Minnesota. George W. Holland, of Brainerd, Minnesota. Leon E. Lum, of Duluth, Minnesota, and Henry S. McKay, of Cananea, Sonora, Mexico, who may serve until the next annual election. Any resolution in writing signed by four directors shall have the same force and effect as if passed at a regularly called directors meeting.

ARTICLE 7

The amount of the total stock of this corporation shall be one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00), divided into one hundred thousand shares of one [1] dollar each, and paid in as the board of directors provides.

ARTICLE 8

The regular annual meeting of stockholders for the election of the directors of this company shall be held at its office in Brainerd, Minnesota, on the first Monday in October of each and every year. Any resolution signed by the holders of record of a majority of the capital stock issued and by a majority of the stockholders shall have the same force and effect as if passed at a regularly called stockholders meeting.

ARTICLE 9

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which this corporation shall at any time be subject is One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).

In witness Whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 24th day of October, A.D. 1908,

WILLIAM D. MCKAY, (seal)
GEORGE D. LABAR, (seal)
LEON E. LUM, (seal)
GEORGE W. HOLLAND, (seal)
LEON E. LUM, (seal)
HENRY S. MCKAY, (seal)

In presence of—

GEO. H. BROWN
B. L. LAGERQUIST
STATE OF MINNESOTA, (seal)

On the 24th day of October, 1908, before me, a notary public in and for said County and State, personally appeared William D. McKay, of Brainerd, Minnesota, George D. LaBar, of Brainerd, Minnesota, Fred A. Farrar, of Brainerd, Minnesota, George W. Holland, of Brainerd, Minnesota, Leon E. Lum, of Duluth, Minnesota, and Henry S. McKay, of Cananea, Sonora, Mexico, to whom to know to be the person named in and who executed the foregoing and within instrument, and acknowledged that they executed the same each for himself and as his own free act and deed.

GEO. H. BROWN.

Notary Public, Crow Wing County, Minn.
My commission expires Jan. 2nd, 1911.

Where to Worship

Parties interested will please bear in mind that notices must be in THE DISPATCH office by 5:30 p.m. Friday evening to insure insertion Saturday. This is necessary to permit copy to be ready for printer Saturday morning.

St. Francis' Catholic church: Service will be held at 8:30 a.m. and 10:30 a.m. Sunday school at 2 o'clock p.m. vespers and benediction 8 o'clock p.m. mass on week days 7:30 a.m., except on Tuesdays and Saturdays, when mass is at St. Joseph's hospital. Rev. J. J. O'Mahoney, pastor.

Swedish Lutheran church: Morning service at 10:30; Sunday school at 12 a.m. Evening services 7:45 p.m. Communion service. Rev. Hugo Thoren, pastor.

Christian Scientists: Services every Sunday at 11:00 a.m., in the Cale hall, 620½ Front street. Wednesday evening 8 o'clock. All are welcome. Sunday school at 12 m.

Swedish Mission church, Cor. Maple and Ninth street south: Morning service at 10:45 a.m.; evening service at 7:45 p.m., Sunday school noon. Mid-week service on Thursday evening at 8 p.m. Rev. C. V. S. Engstrom, pastor.

Norwegian Lutheran church, 7th St. south, between Laurel and Maple streets: Services at 10:30 in the morning and at 7:30 in the evening. Sunday school at 12 m. Sunday school in both the Norwegian and English languages.

First Baptist church: Morning service at 10:30, Sunday school at 12:00 m. Junior society at 3 p.m. Young Peoples' society at 7:30 p.m. Evening service 7:30. Rev. J. E. Abramson, pastor.

People's Congregational church: Preaching 10:45 a.m., Sunday school 12 o'clock, noon. Y. P. S. C. E. a: 7:00 p.m. Evening service at 8:00 p.m. Thursday evening—Junior Endeavor or 4:30 o'clock. Prayer meeting 8:00 o'clock. Strangers specially invited. Rev. F. L. Kirk, pastor.

There will be no evening services because of the union Endeavor meeting at the Presbyterian church.

Evangelical church: Sunday school at 10 a.m., morning service at 11 a.m., Y. P. A. at 7:00 p.m. Evening service every Sunday at 8 p.m. A cordial invitation is extended to all. Strangers especially welcome. D. Groening, pastor.

Swedish Baptist: Sunday school at 9:30 a.m., morning service at 11 a.m. Young Peoples' Society meeting at 5 p.m. Preaching 8 p.m. Mid-week meeting Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Oscar S. Jacobson, Pastor.

Norwegian-Danish Lutheran church, near corner 10th and Bluff Avenue. Unless otherwise announced the following order will be observed as nearly as possible: Morning services 10:30 a.m., first and third Sunday every month. Evening services at 7:45 p.m., every Sunday in the month except the 4th, when the pastor is regularly at Pequot. No evening services Easter day, Pentecost and Simeon occasions. C. Hougstad, pastor.

There will be confirmation services at 10:30 a.m. The usual offerings for the home mission will be taken up. No evening services.

Swedish M. E. church: Kindred St. N. E. Services every Sunday at 10:45. Sunday school at noon every Sunday. Rev. Oscar Grefberg, pastor.

First Congregational church, corner Juniper and Fifth streets: Public worship at 10:30 a.m., and 8:00 p.m. Sunday school 12. Young Peoples' Society at 7:00 p.m.

First Methodist Episcopal church, corner of Juniper and Sixth streets. Morning service at 10:30, Sunday school at 12, Epworth League 6:45 p.m. Evening service at 7:45 o'clock. Rev. Charles Fox Davis, pastor.

Morning, "Christ's Words of Praise for a Church Goer and Her Gift." Evening, "The Battle of the Ballot," the last in the series. Epworth League at 6:45, conducted by the pastor. A full attendance is requested.

St. Paul's Episcopal church, Holy communion 8:30 a.m., except first Sunday in each month. Then 10:30 a.m. Morning prayer, litany and sermon at 10:30 a.m., Sunday School at noon.

Presbyterian church: Morning services at 10:30. Sunday school at 11:30. Christian Endeavor at 7:00. Evening service at 8:00 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:45. All are always welcome.

Morning subject, "The Church and Politics." In the evening Walter D. Howell, field secretary of the Minnesota Endeavor Union. All are invited to be present.

Y. M. C. A.—Open meeting at 4 p.m., addressed by Walter D. Howell, field secretary of the Minnesota Endeavor Union. All are invited to be present.

Economists may instruct the workingman how to live cheaply, but it is the Republican policies that enable him to live well.

Mangled Body Identified. Detroit, Oct. 31.—The dead and mangled body found in